

SOLDIERS' REUNION

Bedford County Veterans' Association Holds 18TH ANNUAL MEETING

One Hundred Fifty Survivors of the Civil War Assembled at County Seat—A Pleasant Occasion.

About 150 veterans of the Civil War marched from the depot on the arrival of the 9:47 train Wednesday morning to the Court House where the eighteenth annual reunion of the Bedford County Veterans' Association was held. The procession was in charge of Capt. A. I. Lyon of Bedford and Capt. R. W. Cook of Everett as marshals, the procession being headed by the drum corps of the Sons of Veterans of Altoona.

The procession, entering Pitt Street from Richard, marched west to Juliana when the ropes that guard the newly paved section were taken down and the soldiers in their passage to the Court House were the first to use the newly paved section—a fitting opening of the street.

The meeting was opened in the Court House by President S. W. Salkeld who, after expressing his appreciation of the privilege of presiding, in the absence of the Chaplain, called upon Rev. John H. Barney who conducted devotional exercises.

Dr. Americus Enfield was then introduced and he heartily welcomed the veterans to the town, in the course of his remarks calling attention to the fact that out of the 2,000 from this county who joined the ranks in their country's defense in 1861 but about 200 survive. "Of those remaining," continued the speaker, "95 per cent. are owners of property, 97 per cent. are church members and 98 per cent. are heads of families that are a credit to the county."

The response to the address of welcome was made by Rev. Barney who spoke of the true soldier as the one of action and not words and related a number of incidents of war times.

The report of the Treasurer, W. B. Filler of Rainsburg, was then read. This was followed with a few remarks by President Salkeld after which some announcements were made by Hon. J. H. Longenecker with regard to the afternoon's exercises.

Officers Elected

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Robert C. Smith of Point. Vice President, M. D. Barndollar of Everett. Secretary, Alex. Prosser of Coal Dale; P. O. Six Mile Run. Treasurer, W. B. Filler of Rainsburg. Chaplain, Joseph Leasure, Everett Route 3.

Afternoon Session

The afternoon session was begun with the introduction of the new President, Robert C. Smith, by the retiring presiding officer, S. W. Salkeld, and the response by Mr. Smith. Both addresses were brief and to the point.

Little Miss Hazel Foor was placed upon a table and sang "The Starving Comrade," which touched the hearts of the assembled veterans.

President Smith called for volunteer addresses, but his comrades seemed backward and he proceeded to "draft" them into the service, calling first upon Hon. J. H. Longenecker, who responded with an excellent though brief address.

T. R. Bookheimer of Roaring Spring then sang "The Pearly Gate," after which Joseph Edmondson of Everett and W. W. Van Ormer were "drafted" and briefly responded.

"Get a Gun" was then sung by Mr. Bookheimer, after which Rev. W. V. Ganoe spoke interestingly and at some length. He called attention to the fact that there were 25 in the Civil War under 10 years of age, 225 under 12, 1,523 under 14, 844, 891 under 16, and 1,151,848 under 18. There were killed and wounded 640,000.

A vote of thanks was tendered the people of Bedford for the courtesies shown.

Bedford was again chosen as the meeting place for the reunion next year and Flag Day was again selected as the time.

The reunion was a marked success, the best of good humor prevailed throughout and all the visitors seemed to thoroughly enjoy themselves. The program though entirely impromptu was very interesting, and the number of veterans in attendance was an agreeable surprise.

Welcome in 1912

The Best Way

There is one way of getting rid of at least part of the dust nuisance in Bedford—that is for each of the householders to clean the dirt from in front of his own doorway." In this way the dust will to a certain extent be rid of for a while. And along this line that little couplet oft quoted by William H. Edwards of New York City will apply just as well to Bedford:

"Why don't they keep the streets a little cleaner,
You ask with keen annoyance not undue,
Why don't they keep the parks a little greener?"

Did you ever stop to think that 'they' means 'you'?"

MENTION stateLibraryJul'11.

Many Items of Interest From Town and County.

Arthur McMullin, who has been quite ill during the past week, is much improved.

Prof. Elmer S. Rice has been re-elected principal of the schools of Hollidaysburg.

Miss Lizzie M. Bain will open a six weeks' term of school on Monday, June 19.

Don't forget to visit the old-fashioned country store in the Shuck Building, June 23 and 24.

A kitchen shower for Miss Louise Ryan was given at Echo Vale by Mrs. Richard C. Hall last Saturday evening.

Louis Dibert has moved into the Lutheran parsonage on South Richard Street, vacated by the family of Rev. J. W. Lingle.

The members of the Reformed Church at Rainsburg will hold a festival in the P. O. S. of A. Hall Saturday evening, June 24.

Prof. H. D. Metzger, principal of the Saxton schools, has been appointed Assistant Superintendent of the Schools of Bedford County.

John Miller, the nine-year-old son of Harry I. Miller, while playing "circus" on Wednesday, fell from the limb of a tree badly spraining his left wrist.

Farmers' institutes will be held in this county next winter at Fishertown, New Enterprise and Charlesville. The dates have not yet been fixed.

According to the Insurance Press claims and benefits to the amount of \$70,500 were paid to heirs in Bedford and \$51,800 to heirs in Saxton, during the past year.

County Superintendent Victor E. P. Barkman will leave today for Edinboro, where he will assist in conducting the examinations of the State Normal School.

Edwin Elcholtz of Edgewood, formerly of Bedford, had in store a surprise for his many friends when during the last week he announced that he had married a lady of Elwood City last July.

Unless rain impedes the progress of those engaged in sanding the paved section of Juliana Street it will be finally thrown open today. It was rolled yesterday when the sanding was begun.

Paul Craig Hendricks, son of Rev. and Mrs. I. W. Hendricks, of Chambersburg, formerly of Bedford, was the youngest member of the graduating class at Mercersburg Academy this year. He won the McGrann prize in Correct English.

At the matriculation examinations held at the Pottsville last week for entrance to Bryn Mawr College, Miss Juliet Wright, one of the recent Bedford High School graduates, successfully passed without condition all of the ten sections taken in this division of the examinations.

D. B. Weaver of Saxton, one of the three men who first discovered gold in paying quantities in Montana, has joined the attraction known as "101 Ranch." He made his bow to the public as a feature Wednesday, June 14, when the aggregation gave a performance in Huntingdon.

Marriage licenses were recently granted in Cumberland to Joseph Barkman and Emma Mearkle, of Everett; William E. Weismet of Hopewell and Mary Margaret Grinnell of Altoona; George P. Adams and Julia May Robinson, of Chaneyville, and Zulmond Pearl Askey of Hopewell and Margaret Ethel Sheeders of Six Mile Run.

Foot Crushed by Cars

E. E. Kephart, who was employed at the plant of the Bedford Ice and Cold Storage Company until about a week ago, when he had an attack of epilepsy, while attempting to cross a train near the depot on Monday slipped from the stirrup and fell to the track. The wheels passing over his foot, crushed it so badly that amputation was necessary. The operation was performed by Drs. A. and W. F. Enfield.

Kephart is a former locomotive engineer and is a member of the Brotherhood, also of the Order of Elks, and is about 35 years old. He is being cared for at the Union Hotel.

Court Notes

On Friday last the Associate Judges met to appoint a Chief Burgess for the Borough of Pleasantville to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of H. A. Statler, the duly elected Chief Burgess of said borough.

Darwin P. Wright was appointed for the unexpired term. Mr. Wright was in Bedford this week seeking information as to the duties and requirements of his position.

No court was held on Thursday on account of engagements by Judge Huff, but the Judges will convene on Saturday when all persons having a business before them will be heard.

Deeds Recorded

C. L. Back to John Snoberger, tract in South Woodbury, \$6,895.62.

James Leach to Jane Miller, tract in Snake Spring, nominal.

Philip Wiles to Daniel L. Miller, tract in Snake Spring, \$294.

Daniel L. Miller to Elizabeth Miller, two tracts in Snake Spring, \$575.

Elizabeth Miller to L. C. Miller, two tracts in Snake Spring, nominal.

L. C. Miller to D. L. Miller, two tracts in Snake Spring, \$100.

Daniel L. Miller to Ralph Hoover, tract in Snake Spring, \$275.

Allen P. Peiley to M. E. McNeal, tract in Union, \$10,000.

Allen P. Peiley to M. E. McNeal, tract in Union, nominal.

ANOTHER DEFEAT

Wolfsburg Throws Cloak Over Home Team

ON VERY HEAVY FIELD

Lack of Practice Causes Loss of Game—Leasure Pitched Like a Veteran—Game in Detail.

In spite of the great work done by the pitcher, the home team has lost another game. Such a thing is not at all unusual, but it is entirely out of place, no matter where it occurs. A pitcher generally gets the credit for losing or winning a game and very often such is the case; but with a pair of slab artists like Baylor and Leasure, such a thing, while not impossible, is highly improbable, so we must look for other causes on which to blame the defeat, and the thing to which it was due was that the team did not act as one man; was not able at the proper time to concentrate the action at the proper point. This points to but one thing, "lack of practice." Of course, the rain made the field unfit for practice for a little time back, but it is a noticeable fact that our ball team never was much in love with the practice field, therefore let us use the remedy which we know will do the work and hope for the best next time.

Leasure pitched winning ball, striking out seven men, but errors at the wrong time let in the runs that "spilled the beans" for Bedford. The outfield was heavy and soggy, making fielding very difficult, but Old Sol will beam on North Side Park and this will disappear in time for some of the games this season.

Score by Innings

First—Diehl singled over second; Pleacher put one through third; Williamson went to first on a scratch; Stambaugh out at first; W. Whetstone hit by pitcher, Wolf singled, Williamson caught at pan and O. Whetstone fanned. Miller bit at three, Plank first on error, Allen hit over second, Plank out at second; Leasure singled, Scaletta hit over third, scoring Allen, Herman slashed at three.

Second—Smith struck out, catcher dropped ball but caught him at first; Stuckey fanned and Diehl was out at first. Blattenburg hit to left; Brice first on error; Hersberger and Miller fanned. Brice out at second.

Third—Pleacher reached first on error, Williamson also got there on fumble; Stambaugh singled, Pleacher was caught at the pan; Whetstone singled, scoring Williamson; Wolf first on a scratch; Whetstone fied to right; Smith out at first. Plank hit over short, Allen hit to pitcher, Leasure singled, scoring Allen, Plank being caught at third; Scaletta singled; Herman fied to center, Blattenburg out at first.

Fourth—Stuckey, Diehl and

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

Teachers Elected

At a meeting of the School Board Monday night teachers for the Bedford schools for the coming term were elected as follows, the second assistant principalship remaining to be filled: Principal, J. M. Garbrink; First Assistant, C. H. Keibaugh; Ninth Grade, Miss Nell Filler; Eighth Grade, Miss Abigail Blackburn; Seventh Grade, Miss Clara E. Rinard; Sixth Grade, Miss Edna Fulton; Fifth Grade, Miss Vashti Gibboney; Fourth Grade, Miss Mary Donahoe; Third Primary, Miss Charlotte Jones; Second Primary, Miss Anna Knight; First Primary, Miss Lizzie M. Bain.

There are an abundance of applications for the vacant second assistant principalship and a good teacher will no doubt be secured for the place.

Of the new teachers, Prof. Keibaugh comes highly recommended. He is a graduate of Dickinson College and has taught one year in the Carlisle High School. Miss Filler has had experience, one term as principal of the Rainsburg schools, and is well qualified for the important place in No. 9. Miss Jones is a graduate of West Chester State Normal and is at present a student at Peabody Conservatory, Baltimore. She comes highly recommended. The other teachers are known, having previously taught in the Bedford schools.

Bedford Special

Beginning Monday, June 19, the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad will run "Bedford Special," which leaves Bedford at 1:50 p. m. and arrives in Huntingdon at 3:45 p. m.; returning, leaves Huntingdon at 10:15 p. m., and arrives at Bedford at 11:55 p. m.

Marriage Licenses

George H. Diehl of Bedford and Luel B. Foreman of Snake Spring. Charles C. Weicht and Catharine J. Waicham, both of West Providence.

Daniel S. Hare of Pittsburg and Laura A. Penrod of Hopewell Township.

A False Statement

The statement sent out by some Bedford correspondent to the papers of neighboring towns to the effect that Contractor Kane, who is about finishing the paving of Juliana Street, had brought suit against the Borough of Bedford, is without foundation.

PERSONAL NOTES

People Who Move Hither and Thither in This Busy World.

Miss Marian Wright of Somerset is the guest of Miss Jessie Barclay.

Miss May Beegle of Pittsburg is a guest of Mrs. Frank W. Jordan, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Penrose and son William are spending this week at Atlantic City.

Miss Margaret Brightbill was the guest of Altoona friends from Saturday until Monday.

Miss Doris Culp of Schellsburg spent last Saturday at the home of Mrs. Ella Gilchrist.

Mr. Irwin Beatty and Miss Beatty, of Harrisburg, are guests at the home of Mrs. W. O. Hickok, Jr.

Mrs. John P. Reed spent from Monday till Wednesday at Sulphur Springs.

Cashier J. Anson Wright spent a couple days last week in Pittsburg and Johnstown.

Mr. J. W. Knisely of Friend's Cove found time to drop into our office while in town yesterday.

Mrs. J. T. Miller and son Charles, of Millvale, are visiting friends at Cessna, their former home.

Miss Emma Colvin of Sulphur Springs spent several days this week with relatives in Bedford.

B. F. Madore, Esq., and daughter Elizabeth spent Tuesday with the former's mother in Hyndman.

Mr. W. E. Reiley of near Schellsburg was the guest a day this week of his son, D. C. Reiley, Esq.

Miss Fannie Oppenheimer is visiting friends in Cumberland and Frostburg, Md.

Mr. Peter S. Duncan of Hollidaysburg was a Bedford visitor Wednesday and Thursday.

Messrs. D. B. Pencil of Cessna and F. A. Reighard of Friend's Cove were among recent visitors to our sanctum.

Mr. William V. Aldstadt and Master William King, of Rytot, were transacting business here on Tuesday.

Dr. William C. Miller of the Department of Health, Harrisburg, spent several days last week in Bedford.

Messrs. S. H. Karns of Monroe and J. W. Wigfield of West Providence were among yesterday's visitors to our sanctum.

Mr. L. J. Billingsly of Greensburg, district manager of the C. D. & P. Telephone Company, spent a couple days in Bedford this week.

Miss Josephine Brady of Harrisburg and Miss Martha Duncan of Hollidaysburg are guests of Mrs. Richard C. Hall at Echo Vale.

Mrs. John T. Fisher recently visited Mr. Fisher's brother, Mr. William Fisher, who is a hospital patient in Cumberland.

Mr. Irwin C. Boor of Washington, D. C., is spending a vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wy Boor, Juliana Street.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Miller and son Patrick, of Williamsport, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Hughes this week.

Mrs. John Burns and son John, of Altoona, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Calhoun on North Richard Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Garver are visitors at the home of Mr. Garver's mother, Mrs. W. Clay Lutz, on East Pitt Street.

Mr. Clarence Colvin and sister, Miss Lillie Colvin, of Schellsburg, were Bedford visitors a day the latter part of last week.

Mr. P. C. Stiver spent Monday night in Bedford. He is employed as a policeman for the P. R. R. on the Cresson Division.

Mr. Robert P. Amos, a student at Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, returned to Bedford last week for his summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Burns, of Keggs, were in attendance yesterday at the Hannan-Fryan wedding. Mr. Burns is an uncle of the bride.

Mr. George M. Mann of Columbus, O., is spending his usual summer vacation here with his mother, Mrs. Sarah Mann, Juliana Street.

Mr. Fred Horn of Indianapolis, Ind., arrived in Bedford a few days ago, having been called here on account of the illness of his mother.

Mr. Charles Hawkins of Altoona spent Sunday and Monday with his family, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Piper.

Mr. Moses Lipuel, who left Bedford for Chicago on a "leave of absence" about eight months ago, has returned to Bedford to permanently pitch his tent. Mrs. Lipuel will return in about three weeks.

Mrs. Scott Rinedollar of Everett was the guest of Burgess M. W. Corle and family on Monday. Mrs. Rinedollar was enroute to Butler to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James F. Boor.

Mr. A. J. Sansom, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Rook in Altoona, returned to Bedford this week accompanied by Mrs. Rook. They are visiting at the home of Mrs. Lillie D. Hatley on South Juliana Street.

Mrs. J. W. Lingle and daughters, Misses Pearl and Marion, left Sunday for Glasgow, their new home. Rev. Lingle, who underwent an operation at the Western Maryland Hospital some weeks ago, is improving and will soon join his family in his new field of labor.

Mr. Joseph E. Heller of Sparrows Point, Md., was a visitor in town for a short time the latter part of last week. He had not been here since 1881. Mr. Heller has been Secretary of the Maryland State Prisoners' Association and it was while on a trip to Lonaconing, Md., to attend the annual convention of that organization that he ran over here to renew old acquaintances.

RAISING THE MAINE

Water Being Pumped from Cofferdam Surrounding the ILL-FATED VESSEL

Scene of Activity About the Wreck—Monster Pumps Employed—Fear Efficiency of Caissons.

(Special Correspondence.)

Havana, Cuba, June 10.—Interest in the work now being carried on at the wreck of the Maine is becoming keener because it has reached an advanced stage, when long delayed developments may be made at almost any moment. The United States government has an official photographer now on duty here and a dark room has been arranged for him on one of the large dredges moored at the scene of the work. It is the intention of the government, to have a complete series of pictures taken of every stage of the work, in such a manner that every feature of the wreck will become a matter of record.

Recently, in speaking with one of the engineers in charge of the work, he stated that other persons would be allowed to take photographs but it would probably be by special permission, especially so in regard to the lower part of the hull, where the first effects of the explosion would be shown. In case such permission was granted, the negatives or original plates of such pictures would be required of these unofficial photographers. This would be done so the government would have the originals of all photographs taken of the wreck.

This precaution is to be taken to prevent the circulation of fake pictures being taken seriously, for with all the originals in the possession of the government no one could successfully deceive the public. The more serious side of it, however, is the evil or dangerous purpose to which such pictures might be applied. If any person or publication desired to "create an embarrassing situation for the United States government it would be an easy matter, once having a picture of the mangled remains, to manipulate the reprinting of it, by adding or removing some feature, as to completely alter it from the original. Under the rule established such an attempt would be exposed immediately.

Work of pumping out the great cofferdam surrounding the wreck has begun and will proceed in cautious stages, to avoid any sudden strain on the immense caissons. The water has been lowered on the first effort at pumping, about five feet, and this was done despite the fact that the caisson which collapsed, as reported in this correspondence some weeks ago, has not been entirely repaired. All of the steel piling composing the circle of this particular caisson have been driven home and the caisson is now filled with clay, but at the time the water was lowered in the cofferdam it was filled only with water. When the pumps began lowering the level inside of the dam the water in this caisson remained stationary. This proved to be a source of great satisfaction to the engineers, for it demonstrated the excellence of the work and the efficiency of the steel piling assuring them a successful issue of the undertaking.

There are some engineers, however, who are doubtful of the efficiency of the caissons to resist the tremendous pressure when the cofferdam is freed from water. They hold that the steel piling being but twenty feet in the bottom of the harbor and fifty-five feet above, overbalance them, especially when it is considered that a wall of water fifty-two feet high will be pressing against them with such a constant and overwhelming force. These engineers claim that a comb of truss work will have to be built on the inside of the dam to prevent the caissons from being forced inward, asserting that such a truss will insure the safety of the structure and will not interfere with the work, as there is ample space.

The appearance of that part of the wreck now to be seen only exaggerate the idea of the catastrophe gathered from a view of that portion of the wreck which has been above water all these years. Men are now at work cleaning and scraping off the submarine growth, while the engineers are examining the bent and torn steel as they go along.

Capt. William A. Ferguson, brother of Capt. H. B. Ferguson, one of the engineers in charge of the work, a naval constructor, has been ordered from his post as Commander of the Boston Navy Yard, to this city to witness the operations now in progress. In addition to him, Gen. William H. Bixby, Chief of the Engineer Corps, U. S. A., and Capt. J. D. Telford, of the Quartermaster's Department, are to come to Havana shortly to be present while the work is under way. The latter official is designated to take charge of any remains which may be recovered from the wreck, as well as to be the custodian of any material which may be salvaged.

Leon J. Canova

SEASON'S SOCIAL EVENT

Hannan-Fryan Wedding Solemnized in St. Thomas' Church Yesterday.

The ceremony solemnizing the marriage of Miss Mary Louise Fryan of Bedford and Dr. Charles E. Hannan of Johnstown was celebrated in St. Thomas' Roman Catholic Church Thursday morning, June 15, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock, and was performed by Rev. Father William E. Downes, several other Priests participating in the ceremonies.

The bridal party entered the church promptly at the appointed hour and proceeded to the altar, the wedding march being played by Miss Cora McGirr. The bridesmaids were Miss Kate Helen Murphy of Pittsburg and Miss Hettie Barclay of Bedford, and Miss Mary Louise Daschbach of Pittsburg was flower girl. Miss Gertrude Hannan of Johnstown was maid of honor and Mrs. Harry J. Daschbach and Mrs. Harriet Flannery Carver, of Pittsburg, and Mrs. Richard C. Hall of Bedford were matrons of honor.

Frank W. Hannan of Westmont was the best man and the ushers were Harry J. Daschbach of Pittsburg, Dr. Daniel P. Ray, Dr. Charles E. Hays and John H. Morley, of Johnstown, Jacob A. Fronheiser of Westmont and Paul Reed of Bedford.

The color scheme of the church decorations was white and green and lilies, ferns and evergreens were used in great profusion. The decorating at the church and the bride's residence was in charge of F. J. Daschbach, a florist of Pittsburg.

After the ceremony a reception was held at Bedford Springs Hotel, following a wedding breakfast at the same place.

The bride gave a supper to the bridal party at her home on East Pitt Street Wednesday evening.

The happy couple left yesterday afternoon on an extended tour of the western coast. After their return they will reside in Johnstown.

CHILDREN'S DAY SERVICES

Well Prepared Program Rendered in Bedford M. E. Church.

Children's Day was observed in the Bedford M. E. Church on Sunday, June 11. The church was decorated with potted plants, cut flowers and evergreens. The following program was rendered:

Anthem by school, Children's Festival, six girls, Song by class of beginners; Responsive Selection. Exercise, seven little girls; Singing by the school; Exercise, eight boys (soldiers); Exercise, Red Cross Brigade; Singing by the school; Recitation, Elizabeth Thompson, Song, five girls; Recitation, Ned Shuck, Reading, Miss Sara Mardoff, Singing by the choir; Recitation, Miss Lillian Mock; Address, Rev. Reiley of State College; Duet, Helma and Adeline Horn. A feature of the program was that the primary department had part in the exercises.

Mrs. Mary M. Horn

Mary Magdalene Horn passed quietly to rest at her home in Buffalo Mills, Sunday evening, June 11. She was a daughter of John and Elizabeth Black, and was born near New Paris, June 28, 1830, and therefore in her eighty-first year. She was the only surviving member of a family of three children, Jerry Black, a brother, who located in Sabetha, Kan., in the early 70s, and Elizabeth, a sister, who was married to Frank Williams of Schellsburg, having preceded her to the spirit world some years ago.

She was married to George W. Horn, her surviving husband, in 1846, to which union six children were born. Katharine, wife of William H. Suter, Ruie, wife of W. Ham Engle, residing at Berlin, Somerset County, G. Newton Horn of Chambersburg, W. Va., Clement V. Horn of Pittsburg, John W. Horn of Buffalo Mills and Daniel S. Horn of Bedford, all of whom with their wives were in attendance at the funeral.

Aunt Horn in early life identified herself with the Methodist Episcopal church. Her devotion and fidelity to her church vows were attested by her regular attendance upon all the signs of grace and the strict observance of every ordinance and rule of the church discipline. Her anxiety and care for the welfare and happiness of her children was demonstrated by constant service to them, which she rendered as long as she was able to do so, without murmur or complaint. Not only this, but she was always at the command of anyone in the community who needed sympathy and help. For years, her home was the place where the ministers of the gospel were entertained, sometimes for weeks at a time. Her home was always open and no efforts were spared to make all who entered comfortable and happy. Her passing away brought to a close a life of activity, fruitful in good deeds, patient service, genial hospitality and of continuous and unswerving devotion.

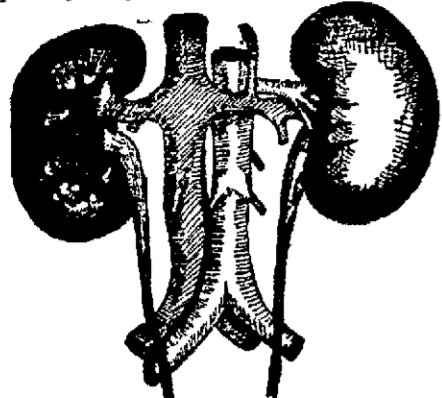
The funeral services were conducted in the church she attended at Buffalo Mills, Tuesday, June 13, at 1:30 p. m. by her pastor, Rev. Martin L. Pfeiffer, minister in the local cemetery. The pall bearers were her sons and two sons-in-law. Those in attendance at the service from a distance were, Harry B. Williams and wife, Mrs. Laura Long, George W. Colvin and wife, of Schellsburg; Jacob Hoenes and wife, of Mann's Choice; Misses Mary and Edna Engle, Mrs. Rine Suter, of Berlin, and Mrs. J. H. Haidman, of Hyndman. The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the surviving husband and in this hour of bereavement and sorrow. He is now in his eighty-ninth year.

\$3.50 RECIPE FREE, FOR WEAK KIDNEYS.

Relieves Urinary and Kidney Troubles, Backache, Straining, Swelling, Etc.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say good bye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of the urine; the forehead



and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency.

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a quick recovery, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you \$3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K 321, Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power. It will quickly show its power once you use it so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

VARIED HIS VIEWS.

A Broad Minded Candidate and a Patient Constituent.

Farmer Gordon was engaged for a fortnight to drive a political candidate about the county in his buggy. They traveled by day, each town being a stage, and the politician spoke every evening.

The man was honest and well meaning, but careful local partisans had tried the temper of each community in advance and reported to him with suggestions. So it happened that from his extreme anxiety to please his expressed conviction on the issue varied considerably from time to time.

"Well, Mr. Gordon," said the candidate one day at the beginning of the second week, "how do you stand on the election? How are you going to vote?"

The farmer was silent, thinking. "I really don't know," he said. "I can tell better, maybe, at the close of our engagement."

"Can't make up your mind yet? You've heard all of my speeches."

"Yes, and I like you personally, and I'm hoping to get to vote for you. Don't worry—at least, not yet."

"Not yet!—Why do you say that?" asked the puzzled candidate.

"Well, you've had several points of view, and I'm just waiting and thinking maybe before the end of the week you'll get round to mine too."—Youth's Companion.

MISSED THE KANGAROO.

The Hunter Was After Meat, but Got Instead a Stone.

In 1889 a hunter in New South Wales took a fancy for some kangaroo meat, so he made a trip through the mulla with no companion but his gun. He had no need of either guides or dogs, as he was an experienced bushman.

The first kangaroo sighted was wounded by him, but not badly enough to disable it. Before he could get in another shot it made off through the salt bush at a terrific pace, but leaving a plain trail in drops of blood, so the hunter followed as fast as he could.

The trail gradually grew fainter as the wounded animal bled less freely, and its pursuer was often obliged to stoop and examine the ground closely for the telltale signs. After several hundred yards had been covered with out seeing any more crimson spots the hunter began to think his quarry had escaped, when he saw a single fleck of red before him.

As he bent to look for more flecks the red changed to an iridescent pale green, and he saw it was a gem stone that lay before him. The kangaroo was not bagged, but the White Cliffs opal fields were discovered.—New York Press.

A Fish Aids Science.

There appears to be no limit to scientific curiosity, especially in Germany. Not long ago a scientist of Leipzig, wishing to ascertain whether fish are warmer than the water they live in, stuck a needle connected with a thermoelectric circuit into a living fish in an aquarium. The needle formed one element of the circuit, while the other element was immersed in the same water that contained the fish. The latter was not seriously injured by the needle and quickly became indifferent to it. Then as the fish swam about, carrying the needle, the ingenious savant closed the circuit and kept watch of the galvanometer. It showed no deflection whatever, from which he concluded that the fish and the water were precisely equal in temperature, for had either been warmer than the other a current would have been generated in the circuit.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Middle Aged and Elderly People, Use Foley Kidney Pills for quick and permanent results in all cases of kidney and bladder troubles, and for all annoying irregularities. L. D. HICKERMAN.

FIRST AID IN FAINTING.

Lower the Head to Let the Blood Back to the Brain.

Fainting is a loss of consciousness due to the diminution of blood supply to the brain. It occurs most frequently in weak, sensitive women, but may occur also to men as well. It usually occurs in crowds or in crowded halls, theaters and churches, where the atmosphere is close and the air foul.

Fainting usually lasts only a few minutes, and the person recovers immediately when taken out into the fresh air, but there are cases in which it lasts much longer, sometimes for an hour or more. The first aid treatment of fainting is usually very simple. Take the person out into the fresh air and lay him flat on the back, with the head lower than the feet.

This can be done by grasping the feet and holding the body so that the head hangs down, or take an ordinary straight back chair, turn it over so that the back forms an angle with the floor and place the person on the back of the chair with the head hanging down. This position with the head hanging down favors the flow of the blood back to the brain.

All tight clothing about the neck and waist should be loosened. Smelling salts or aromatic spirits of ammonia applied to the nostrils and cold water sprinkled on the face, chest and hands help to restore consciousness.—National Magazine.

THE SILVER DOLLAR.

Many Changes in Its Design Since It Was First Issued.

The silver dollar has undergone a great many changes since it was put in circulation in 1794. On the face of the first dollar there was stamped the head of a young woman turned to the right and with hair flowing, as if she was in a gale of wind. But in 1796 congress came to her relief and ordered her hair to be tied up with a bit of ribbon. The fifteen stars which appeared on the first dollar were after this reduced to the original thirteen in recognition of the number of states.

In 1836 the design was again changed, and the dollar bore the figure of a woman dressed in a flowing garment. The designer forgot, however, to put in the thirteen stars, and the coin was soon called in, the new design having the woman surrounded by stars. Her air was defiant and stiff looking, and in 1838 dollars were issued which were more artistic in treatment. The first dollars bearing the motto, "In God We Trust," were coined in April, 1864, and in 1873 the era of the trade dollar began, lasting just five years.

The Liberty dollar made its appearance in 1878. Miss Anna W. Williams, a public school teacher of Philadelphia, sat for the portrait.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Sure of a Raise.

An enterprising woman who rents several apartments in a new building and sublets them furnished, room by room, has profited at the rate of several hundred dollars a year by woman's propensity for telling everything she knows. To each applicant for a room she named an exorbitant price to start with.

"Now, understand, this is a concession to you alone and must be regarded as strictly confidential. If you tell a soul in the house that I have made a reduction in your favor I shall have to charge the original price."

Within two weeks rents had gone up.

"Mrs. Smith tells me," said the astute landlady to each gossiping tenant, "that you told her you pay only \$6 for your room instead of \$7." And as no one was in a position to plead not guilty the additional rental was exacted.—New York Times.

The Retort Courteous.

James Russell Lowell was once a guest at a banquet in London where he was expected to reply to a toast. The speaker who preceded Mr. Lowell said many contemptuous things about the people of the United States, avowing and repeating again and again that they were all braggarts. As American minister at the court of St. James Lowell could hardly overlook this speech, so as he rose he said smilingly: "I heartily agree with the gentleman who has just spoken. Americans do brag a great deal, and I don't know where they got the habit, do you?"

Big Mouthfuls.

"Yes," whispered the man who knows everybody, "the big chap over there at the third table is a great gormand. He's a mountain in the financial world, you know."

"H'm!" commented the quiet observer. "Instead of a mountain he looks to me like a great gorge."—Chicago News.

Boiling Alive.

The last instance of boiling to death took place in Persia in 1890. The offender was guilty of stealing state revenues and was put into a large caldron of cold water, which was slowly heated to the boiling point. His bones were distributed as a warning among the provincial tax collectors.

Incorrigible.

"Nobody wants to play bridge with Mrs. Bean. She talks all the time." "I suppose she's quiet when she's dumpy?" "Quiet! She talks twice as much."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Silence Is Safety.

After forty years of married life I've made up my mind it don't matter how often a man and his wife disagree as long as he don't let her know it.—Harper's Bazar.

A Practical School For A Life of Success

A course at Pennsylvania State Normal School equips one to earn a good living by teaching—justifies one in aspiring to the best positions. Hundreds of successful graduates prove the school's excellence.

PENNSYLVANIA State Normal School

Our 38th year begins Sept. 12, '11. Ideal location for a studios, healthful life—1,500 feet above the sea. New buildings—all comforts. A faculty of scholars experienced in teaching. Christian influences. New catalog—beautifully illustrated—gives complete details. Free on request.

FOR CATALOGUE, ADDRESS THE PRINCIPAL, DR. JAMES E. AMENT, INDIANA, PA.

The Furtive Look.

Here is something worth while for bachelors to consider.

A Boston woman says she can detect a bachelor as far as she can see him. She always knows a bachelor by his furtive look. The furtive look, she explains, is something akin to that of a hunted animal, always on the watch for snares and pitfalls. Of course this may apply only to Boston bachelors, but it would be well for all other single unfortunates to take a good look at themselves in the mirror and find that telltale look. If they do there is an easy way to efface it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Auction Selling in Japan.

Sealed bids are used in auctioning property in Japan. There is no shouting. The auctioneer announces to the audience that he has such and such a piece of property for sale and invites bids. Those who wish to bid write their bids and names on slips of paper. The paper is folded and placed in a box. When the auctioneer sees no more bids coming he opens the box and sorts out the bids. The highest bid takes the property. It is like a bond sale—no one knows what his neighbor bids. If a bidder is anxious to get the property he will not put in a small offer. On the contrary, he will very likely bid all the property is worth. For this reason an owner never puts up his property for auction unless he wants to sell it.—New York Sun.

A Famous Dresser.

Joachim Murat was in his day the best dressed man in the world. Born in 1767 in a village near Cahors, the son of a day laborer, he was sent to a Jesuit school to be educated for the priesthood. He ran away, joined the army, and sixteen years after he had become a lieutenant he was a field marshal, Duke of Cleve and Berg, with Napoleon's sister, Caroline, as his wife, and, finally, by the grace of his brother-in-law, was created king of Naples. In all stations he paid the closest attention to his attire and wore in battle gold embroidered and jeweled uniforms which would have made him conspicuous at a court function and dressed himself as for a review when he was led forth to be shot.—New York Tribune.

Strenuous.

"Life is far from being monotonous at the Twiller home."

"How is that?"

"The family pets include a bulldog, a cat and a globe of goldfish, the problem being to keep the bulldog from killing the cat and the cat from catching the goldfish."—Birmingham Age Her.

Careful About Himself.

Husband—I say, how many is in bilious? Wife—One, of course. You told me how to spell it yesterday when I was writing Husband Ab, but I'm writing now, and that makes all the difference.—London Punch

Encouraging.

Tragedian—My parents tried hard to keep me from becoming an actor. Comedian—I congratulate them on their success.

READ THIS

All Who Suffer From Catarrh, Sore Throat or Colds.

Millions of people throughout America have breathed HYOMEI (pronounce it High-o-me) and now own a HYOMEI Inhaler made of hard rubber.

If you own a HYOMEI Inhaler, no matter where you live, you can get a bottle of HYOMEI at F. W. Jordan's and druggists everywhere for only 50c.

Ask for an extra bottle of HYOMEI Inhaler; it is only 50c and with it you can cure a cough or a cold in a day.

You can get relief from catarrh of the nose and throat in two minutes and stop hawking and snuffing in a week. Just pour a few drops of HYOMEI into the inhaler and breathe it in—that's all.

It's so easy and so pleasant and so much more desirable than swallowing nauseating drugs. Breathe HYOMEI over the inflamed membrane of the nose and throat and its soothing, healing action will be felt immediately.

If you have not a HYOMEI Inhaler, get a complete HYOMEI outfit at once. This only costs \$1.00, and with it comes a HYOMEI Inhaler (that will last a lifetime and ought to be in every family). For free sample of HYOMEI write Booth's Hyomei Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOILED

By DWIGHT NORWOOD

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Jean Rudski and Anna Zobeiski were Russian Polanders. Jean was working hard to get enough money together to be married, for Anna had but a very small dot. One day a man came to the village and put up at the inn. He hailed from Moscow, but he did not explain the reason of his coming. He did not take up any business or profession, and after he had been in the place awhile people began to wonder who he was and what was his errand. All they knew of him was his name, Peter Petroff, and that they learned from him.

One evening Anna and Jean and Peter Petroff met at a dance. Anna was a pretty girl, and Petroff fell in love with her at sight. He asked her to dance with him, and she accepted. He asked her again, and she declined. She did not care to dance twice with any one except her lover. So Petroff asked her if she would not "sit out" the dance with him, as we call it in America. Not wishing to offend him she consented.

Petroff made the acquaintance of Anna's father and succeeded in ingratiating himself into the old man's good graces. This gave him free access to the house and to Anna. Petroff told Zobeiski that he had a comfortable income and was well able to support a wife. He asked for Anna. Her father told him that Anna was already betrothed. Petroff expressed surprise at what he already knew and much regret. Zobeiski was vexed that Anna was tied to Jean, because he thought Petroff would be a much better husband for her. He told Anna of the offer and advised her to break with Jean and marry Petroff.

Anna was very much troubled when she heard this. She dared not tell Jean lest it bring about trouble between him and Petroff. Petroff ceased to offer attentions to Anna and treated Jean whenever he met him with great friendliness. This did not disarm Anna's suspicion that there was something wrong about Petroff and that he would gladly get Jean out of his way.

Petroff had been at the village about two months without any visible occupation when one morning there was a large number of arrests in the neighborhood of persons charged with plotting against the government. What was the surprise of every one to learn that Jean Rudski was among the number.

It was plain to Anna that this man Petroff had come among them as a spy for the government; that he had sent in the names of certain persons as plotters and had included Jean's name for the purpose of getting him out of his way. In a country like Russia, where persons are arrested without due process of law and hurried off to Siberia without trial, this was a very simple method for Petroff to get rid of one whose place he desired to occupy.

This explanation of Jean's arrest was, of course, all inference with Anna and was not remotely suspected by Jean himself. There are certain things that women know by intuition and when they thus arrive at conclusions they are sure of them.

Anna resolved to play a bold game. She sent for Petroff to come and see her. Petroff came, and Anna said to him:

"My father has told me of your offer for my hand. Of course I could not accept it before Jean's arrest. But his complicity with these plotters against the government absolves me from my pledge to him. Jean has saved 3,000 rubles for our wedding. I wish him to give them to me. If you can find a way for me to see him so that I can get him to tell me where I can find this money I will marry you."

"All I can do," replied Petroff, "is to take you out on the road the prisoners are marching on, which is well known to all."

"Very well; let us go. I will have a sleigh ready in a few minutes."

Petroff drove off a very happy man. He was surprised that after getting Jean out of his way he should have succeeded with Anna without any effort, and he congratulated himself that Anna did not suspect that he was the cause of her lover's arrest. But he had not thought she was so mercenary. He had proceeded several miles when, coming to a rise in the ground, the prisoners were seen some distance ahead slowly walking, loaded with ball and chain and guarded by troops.

Suddenly Petroff felt something hard and cold against his ear and at the same time heard an ominous click. He did not need to look aside to know that it was a revolver. With one hand Anna pressed it against him and with the other held paper and a pencil before him.

"Write an order to release Jean," she said.

"An order! What would an order from me avail?"

"Write! At three I fire! One!" He dropped the reins.

"Two!"

He wrote what she desired.

"Leave the sleigh."

He did so. She whipped up the horse and, covering the distance between her and the prisoners, presented her order. Jean was released.

Taking him into the sleigh, she drove away by a diagonal road. Neither she nor Jean was ever again heard of in Russia.

They are now in America.

**The Tenderfoot Farmer**

It was one of these experimental farmers, who put green spectacles on his cow and had her shavings. His theory was that it didn't matter what the cow ate so long as she was fed. The questions of digestion and nourishment had not entered into his calculations.

It's only a "tenderfoot" farmer that would try such an experiment with a cow. But many a farmer feeds himself regardless of digestion and nutrition. He might as well eat shavings for all the good he gets out of his food. The result is that the stomach grows "weak," the action of the organs of digestion and nutrition are impaired and the man suffers the miseries of dyspepsia and the agonies of nervousness.

To strengthen the stomach, restore the activity of the organs of digestion and nutrition and brace up the nerves, use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unfailing remedy, and has the confidence of physicians as well as the praise of thousands healed by its use.

In the strictest sense "Golden Medical Discovery" is a temperance medicine. It contains neither intoxicants nor narcotics, and is as free from alcohol as from opium, cocaine and other dangerous drugs. All ingredients printed on its outside wrapper.

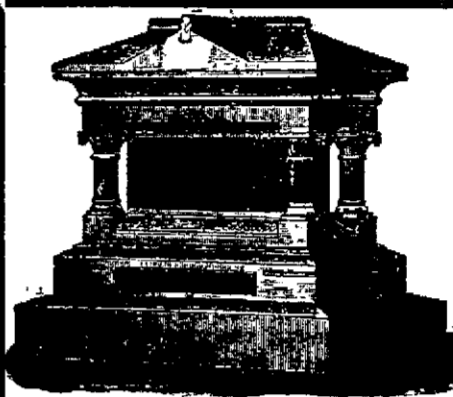
Don't let a dealer delude you for his own profit. There is no medicine for stomach, liver and blood "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery."



Diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT carefully treated.

Special attention given to Testing the Eyes and the Fitting of Glasses.

Office Hours Daily except Sunday. Both Phones. A. C. WOLF, M. D. BEDFORD, PA.

**Keystone Granite and Marble Works**

OTTO BROS., Proprietors BEDFORD, PA.

Large stock to select from; work done either by hand or machine; set with leaded joints on concrete foundations by one of the firm and not by a disinterested party.

Place your orders now and avoid the rush in the spring. Office and yard two doors west of Court House.

W. H. SEARS, M. D., Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

HUNTINGDON, PA.

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Can be seen at Huntingdon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

SEND THEM TO**FOOTER'S**

Everything You Have to be Cleaned or Dyed.

Do Not Mistake the Name—FOOTER'S DYE WORKS.

W. C. McCLINTIC, Authorized Agent.

**Of course you want the Wedding Ring**

to be full 18k., solid all the way through. The sure place is

RIDENOUR'S Jewelry Store

Ask your mother

DON'T

Don't knock your town!

Don't refuse to advertise!

Don't patronize mail order

houses!

Don't fail to give us your

orders for all kinds of

job printing!

Don't forget to stand by your

home paper, and it will

stand by you!

For Asparagus Beetles and "Worms"

Asparagus beetles of two distinct species are spreading rapidly over Pennsylvania, and doing considerable injury to this delicious early vegetable. One of these is known as the Common Asparagus beetle, and is black, white and red on its back, while the other is the Twelve-spotted Asparagus beetle, being light red in color and having twelve black spots. Both feed and lay their eggs on the stalks, branches and leaves of the asparagus plant. The young are dark-colored, slimy grubs, which although very destructive if left unchecked, are easily controlled by proper means.

A prominent asparagus grower of Pennsylvania sent specimens and a letter of inquiry to H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, at Harrisburg, and the latter replied as follows:

"I would adopt the following methods:

"1. Cut all the asparagus low in the bed. In other words, do not leave small shoots here and there, because they are too small or weak to cut. If any shoots whatever are left, the asparagus beetle or its young will con-

tinue to feed and thrive upon them.

"2. In young beds, or where shoots are really too weak to cut, spray with one ounce of arsenate of lead in each gallon of water. It might be well to add from one to three ounces of glue dissolved in hot water, to each gallon of this preparation. Whale oil soap, or syrup, or glucose will also act as a 'sticker' to make the arsenate of lead adhere.

"3. After you quit cutting the asparagus bed this summer, prepare to spray with arsenate of lead to destroy the late broods of the asparagus beetles.

"4. After the growth has ceased, or this fall after the tops of the plants die, gather these together and burn them, and thus destroy many of the insects that would hibernate in them.

"5. There are two species of asparagus beetles, one of which is much brighter red in color. In this part of the state both species are to be seen upon the plants at the same time at present. Both are destroyed by the methods here mentioned."

"Doan's Ointment cured me of eczema that had annoyed me a long time. The cure was permanent." Hon. S. W. Matthews, Commissioner Labor Statistics, Augusta, Me.

To Remove Paint From Windows

In the spring of the year when there is so much painting done many people are annoyed by having their window panes flecked and smeared with paint. If you rub busily with hot acid water you will find this effective in removing paint.—Harper's Bazar.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

FOLEY'S HONEY-STAR for children safe, sure. No opiates

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

Moxie Is The Best Drink For You In Hot Weather

Millions of people, including thousands of physicians and their families, drank Moxie last year! Why? Because—the demand for a mild tonic has become almost universal, and in this class Moxie leads.

SOLD WHEREVER YOU SEE A MOXIE SIGN

The sanitary conditions under which Moxie is prepared appeal to particular people. All who drink Moxie say they eat better, sleep better and feel better because they use it.

WASHINGTON LETTER

Communication From Our Regular Correspondent

RECIPROCITY BILL FAVORED

Bill to Merge Express Companies Into Postoffice System—Free Wool Discussed.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—The friends of reciprocity with Canada it now appears are in the majority in the United States Senate. The Senate Committee on Finance will report the Canadian reciprocity tomorrow. The bill will contain the Root amendment relating to print paper and wood pulp. Other amendments offered by Senators Nelson and Gallinger relating to the duties on foreign products were voted down. In the committee a motion to report the bill favorably was voted down, also a motion to report it adversely failed on a tie vote. The bill therefore will go to the Senate without recommendation. It is the expectation of friends of the reciprocity bill that the Root amendment will be defeated in full Senate. A canvass indicates that there is a majority opposed to the Root amendment, and it is expected that after long debate the bill will pass precisely as it passed the House and in due course receive the signature of the President.

Representative Lewis of Maryland last week introduced a bill to merge the express companies of the United States into the postoffice system with the object of reducing the rates over one-half on small parcels and about one-third generally, and to extend the system to the country districts by help of the rural delivery, which he proposes to extend further. Mr. Lewis says, "There are two main reasons why postal express is necessary—first, the express company service does not reach the country and the farm, and second, the contracts of the express companies give them an average rate of three-fourths of a cent per pound on parcels with the railways, while the government is paying the railways four cents a pound for carrying mail. In order to get this comparatively cheap transportation rate for the carriage of parcels, I propose that the express companies' contracts with the railways be acquired by condemnation, on the doctrine of the right of eminent domain, and that bonds be issued by the government to raise the necessary funds." Mr. Lewis fully explained his plan in an address in the House. He showed that the charge for carrying express packages in the United States is sixteen times as much as for carrying freight, while the average in other countries is only five times as much. He said that the express companies were making 50% profit on capital actually invested.

Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire will make another effort to have the Rockefeller Foundation of over one hundred millions of dollars incorporated under a government charter, and a bill has been introduced in the Senate by him for that purpose. The incorporators named are John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., F. T. Gates, S. J. Murphy and C. O. Heidt. It will be remembered that about a year ago Mr. Rockefeller made an effort to donate this immense sum for charitable education, and other beneficent purposes, but that there was objection by some one in the Senate that such an immense sum of money might in time be used for purposes subversive to the government. Senator Gallinger is of the opinion that the language of the new bill which reposes in Congress the right to amend the charter at any time will avoid the objections formerly urged. The great sums of money donated by Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Carnegie and other multi-millionaires marks an epoch in the history of donations. There is nothing in former times to compare with them, either in munificence or in intelligent beneficence.

The Democratic wool tariff bill which has been so bitterly opposed by Mr. Bryan, who is in favor of free wool, is now under debate in the House of Representatives. Victor Murdock of Kansas, the famous insurgent, spoke against it on the ground that it afforded protection to the so-called "worsted trust." He especially attacked the 40% duty on wool cloths which the bill contains, urging that it afforded protection to the monopoly that controls the worsted output. "I cannot see how any man here," said Mr. Murdock, "knowing the worsted trust, knowing its gross and cruel brutality in the fabric field, can back it up while it continues to twist its long, strangling fingers around the throat of the American consumer. I cannot see, for the life of me, how any man in the American Congress can aid the worsted trust by putting a tariff on worsted either as a frankly avowed measure of protection, or under the guise of a tariff for revenue. The worsted trust has so debased the quality of goods that the consumer buys, that clothing manufacturers have been ashamed to pass the fabrics on the wearers."

Baby won't suffer five minutes with croup if you apply Dr. Thomas' Eucalyptic Oil at once. It acts like magic.

Seaweed Eaten in England
It is likely that a very few English people know that the fisher folk along the Devonshire coast are accustomed to eat laver, an edible seaweed, and so think it very odd that the Japanese should use certain seaweeds as an article of diet.

Calling Cards
On short notice The Gazette can furnish you with calling cards neatly printed. We feel sure we can please you. Call and see our samples.

CHILDREN OF UAP.

They Don't Have to Worry About Food, Clothes or Shelter.

In describing Uap, one of the Caroline islands, Dr. W. H. Furness says that children become more or less public property on that island as soon as they are able to run about from house to house.

They cannot without extraordinary exertion fall off the island, and, like little guinea pigs, can find food anywhere. Their clothing grows by every roadside, and any shelter or no shelter is good enough for the night. They cannot starve. There are no wild beasts or snakes to harm them. What matters it if they sleep under the high, star powdered ceiling of their foster mother's nursery or curl up on mats beneath their father's thatch?

There is no implication here that parents are not fond of their children. On the contrary, they love them so much that they see their own children in all children. It is the case of life and its surroundings which have atrophied the emotion of parental love.

When a father has merely to say to his wife and children, "Go out and shake your breakfast off the trees," or, "Go to the thicket and gather your clothes," to him the struggle for existence is meaningless, and without a struggle the prizes of life are held in light esteem.

Somebody's children are always about the houses and to the fore in all excitements, and never did I see them roughly handled or harshly treated.

MASTERING A TEMPER.

The Method by Which Marion Crawford Controlled His Anger.

Mrs. Hugh Fraser, sister of the late F. Marion Crawford, tells some interesting stories of him in her book, "A Diplomatist's Wife in Many Lands." It was at the Villa Negroni, Rome, that Crawford was born, an event which so delighted his father that, as Mrs. Fraser says, "my father was beside himself with joy and showered presents on all of us to make us understand and share it."

When young Francis was about ten years old it dawned upon him that he had a violent and uncontrollable temper, and with the simplicity which marked all his character he decided to get it in hand.

"One member of the family constantly irritated him to the verge of frenzy, and he invented a form of self discipline which very few children would have thought of imposing on themselves. My mother entered his room one day and found him walking round and round it, carrying on his back a heavy wooden shutter which he had lifted off its hinges at the window. "My dear child," she exclaimed, "what are you doing?" "Getting over a rage," he replied doggedly, continuing the exercise. "When I am so angry that I want to kill somebody I come in here and carry the shutter three times round the room before I answer them. It is the only way."

Women and Tea in Japan.
No Japanese society woman has completed her education unless she can tell just what grade of tea is being served to her—Uji, Mikado or a hundred others—and at least be able to distinguish by taste at least a dozen "blends" in a brand that has that many or more.

Such accomplishments are partly a matter of inheritance and environment, for Japan is a country where tea has been raised and used for centuries. With tea plantations five centuries old and tea plants 200 years of age there is no need for tea commissions to fix customs standards. As for the household standards, the Japanese housewife decides them herself.

Antiquity of the Dog.
It is impossible to say when dogs were first domesticated, but some of the earliest traces are found on Egyptian monuments, with figures of dogs, somewhat of the greyhound type, which date back to at least 3500 B. C. Even in those remote days the dog was highly esteemed. Coming down a little later, we read that Ulysses 3,000 years ago was recognized by his dog Argus after his swineherd had failed to do so.

Plutarch speaks of Alcibiades, who cut off the tail of his dog, and Myron, the sculptor, immortalized the animal by chiseling his image in marble. The Romans valued their dogs and kept them from the chase and also as pets. Alexander the Great owned a veteran fit to tackle a lion.

A Bibulous Goose.
Geese will live to a great age, and some few years ago I came across a very venerable goose (male or female I cannot now say) in Westmoreland in unexpected circumstances. I was walking from Milnthorpe to Arncliffe and at Gannside found an acquaintance sitting on a seashore bench feeding a pet goose with biscuits steeped in ale. He told me that this goose had been in his family for over forty years and was partial to beer, stout and even gin.

Rev. James Hall, M. A., told of a goose in Stirlingshire, Scotland, that had been killed by accident after living at the same place for "above eighty years."—London Field.

Skating on a Tennis Court.

When one is building a tennis court provision may easily be made for a rink by excavating from six inches to one foot deeper than the surrounding ground and making this depressed area as much greater than his court as his purse or surroundings will permit. Twenty-five feet in the clear outside the lines of the court will give an area of over 11,000 square feet—an ample space for a number of people to occupy without crowding. The court may be flooded by means of a hose attached to the house faucet, first saturating the ground and then when it has frozen flooding the court.—Suburban Life.

Deafness of Blue Eyed White Cats.
All white cats are not deaf, but most blue eyed white cats are. It has never been discovered why the blue eyed cats should have the tendency to deafness, but it is a fact, while there has never been a case known of a yellow eyed or green eyed white cat being deaf unless by accident.—St. Nicholas.

Duty.
Duty stands for the most part close at hand, unobscured, simple, immediate. If any man has the will to hear her voice, to him is she willing to enter and be his ready guest.—Francis Peabody.

If you have anything for sale, advertise it in The Gazette "Want" Column.

RIDING THE BUZZARD.

The Ricebird Uses His Bulky Enemy as an Aeroplane.

People generally associate size and brute strength with victory, especially among the lower animals. Many times, however, this is far from being the case, especially in the bird kingdom. Among the rice flats of the Carolinas there abound at some seasons of the year tiny ricebirds, birds so small that it takes two dozen for a good meal, though bones and all are eaten.

The great buzzard is found circling over the flats at all seasons. He dreads the time for the ricebird to come, for he is then nearly pestered to death. It is a common sight to see one of these little birds fly up to a buzzard and, after dodging this way and that round the awkward bulk, finally alight well forward between the buzzard's wings on the back. Here the tiny passenger grabs a few feathers in his beak and holds on for grim life. After enjoying a ride for as long as he desires the little fellow hops off and is gone before Mr. Buzzard is well aware of it.

The peculiar part of the whole thing is that apparently the only purpose the ricebird is in getting on the back of the buzzard is to take a free ride. It puzzles every one who chances to see the little drama to find any other reason, yet the fact remains that it is a frequent occurrence, and the little birds seem to enjoy it immensely.—New York Tribune.

INDIAN DEATH CUSTOMS.

Graves of the Hopi and the Hogans of the Navajos.

The Hopi Indian believes that the souls of all deceased adults go to the Grand canyon. When a man dies a grave is dug. The nearest relative of the deceased carries the body to the grave, places it in a sitting posture facing the Grand canyon, erects a long pole between the legs, locks the dead man's fingers around it and fills the grave. To the top of the pole, protruding above the ground, he ties one end of a string and leads the other end in the direction of the Grand canyon. At the end of four days it is believed the soul leaves the body, climbs the pole and with the string to guide it goes to its eternal home in the canyon.

The Navajos, on the contrary, are very superstitious about handling dead bodies. They believe that the evil spirit that kills the person hovers around the hogan, as they call their lodge, awaiting other victims, and a hogan in which a death occurs is never occupied again. Navajo hogans are always built with the entrance facing the east. When a death occurs in one of them an opening is invariably made in the north side. Therefore when one sees a hogan with the north side knocked out he may be certain some one has died in it.—Dillon Wallace in Outlook.

A Regular Attendant.

As the new minister of the village was on his way to evening service he met a rising young man of the place whom he was anxious to have become a member of his church.

"Good evening, my young friend," he said solemnly. "Do you ever attend a place of worship?"

"Yes, indeed, sir, regularly every Sunday night," replied the young fellow with a smile. "I'm on my way to see her now."—Metropolitan Magazine.

Fowls Not Injured by Spraying

The combination of poultry keeping and fruit production has been found quite attractive and practical by many persons who, however, have learned that it is necessary to spray their trees in order to obtain best results. Such persons have been quite anxious about the possible danger of injuring their fowls kept under the trees. In reply to a recent inquiry by one of our practical citizens, Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, wrote as follows:

"Replying to your very important inquiry concerning the possibility of your fowls being injured by spraying the trees with arsenate of lead for the Codling Moth in the enclosure in which they are kept, I can say that I am frequently asked this question, and must assure you that I am satisfied no injury will come from such application.

"In the first place, you should not use enough of the poison liquid to saturate the grass or soil beneath the trees. We stop spraying as soon as it commences to drop from the leaves, and before they are drenched. The small amount of poison that would fall with the drippings will not cause injury, even if the fowls could get it. I should avoid contaminating the water in the drinking pans, but otherwise it appears to me that there is no danger in this regard. I have known many persons to spray their trees in poultry yards and have never heard of bad results.

"I think a combination of poultry and fruits is very good. Plums do especially well in poultry yards, as the fowls destroy the Curculio which makes the wormy fruit, and the trees in turn are kept vigorous by the fertilizing droppings of the fowls. In fact, any kind of fruit will do well and is advisable in a poultry yard.

"The fowls catch certain insects that are objectionable and fertilize the soil. The trees furnish shade, and the premature fallen and over-ripe fruits can be eaten by the fowls. Of course, in proper horticulture the good fruits are picked before they drop to the ground. Thus there is no loss from this source.

"There is no spraying during the entire year that should endanger the life of the fowls if it is properly done."

YOUR NEIGHBOR'S EXPERIENCE

How you may profit by it. Take Foley Kidney Pills. Geo. N. Barnhart, 919 8th Ave., Altoona, Pa., says: "During the last several years I suffered from backache and kidney trouble. The pains across my kidneys and hips were very severe and upon arising I felt tired and worn out. The kidney action was irregular and caused much pain. I got Foley Kidney Pills and took them. Three bottles cured me completely and I am now as well as ever. My kidney action is normal and regular and I owe my recovery entirely to the use of Foley Kidney Pills, which I recommend strongly on every occasion." Ed. D. Heckerman.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Lengthy Lobbies "Why do they call Washington the city of magnificent distances?"

"Because," answered the office-seeker, "it is such a long way between what you go after and what you get."

Foley Kidney Pills contain just the ingredients necessary to regulate and strengthen the action of the kidneys and bladder. Try them yourself. Ed. D. Heckerman.

General Funston, who is again in the Philippines, has cabled to Scribner's that he has mailed the last article in his series. In the July number he describes "Cebu and Its Fences"—some of the best fighting that he has yet pictured.

STIVER'S STABLES

BEDFORD, PA. DOING A GENERAL HORSE BUSINESS AND LIVERY

Horses bought, sold and exchanged. Driving, work and general purpose horses constantly on hand. Every horse guaranteed as represented or money refunded.

R. A. STIVER

J. REED IRVINE

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE Life, Fire, Accident and Health Insurance

Why not get the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company's proposition at your age? We have no fear of comparison. "It's the Policy Holder's Company."

Bedford Planing Mill Co.

LUMBER, Slate, Brick, Shingles, Planing Mill Work of every description.

A. G. STEINER, Supt.

Bedford Gazette

ESTABLISHED IN 1805

S. A. VAN ORMER,
Editor and Publisher.

The Bedford Gazette is a model among country newspapers.—New York World.

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$1.50, payable in advance. Cards of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to
Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1911.

HECKERMAN LETTER

Correspondent Attends Commencement at State College.

State College, Pa., June 13, 1911. Things have changed mightily during the past four years in this beautiful place. Hundreds of beautiful homes have been erected and are now occupied. Many of these are used as rooming and boarding houses. Grand old buildings have been torn down and new ones have been erected. The coal sheds and old buildings that used to be near the electrical building have been removed and the space is now a beautiful lawn. About the only thing that there has been no change in is the hotel. This being commencement week here, there are hundreds of strangers here. The parents of the seniors are as a rule here; each proud of their noble boys. Many of the boys have their sweethearts also here.

My what a difference in the wind up of the school year since I was a boy, who with a spelling book and piece of broken slate in one of my jacket pockets and a piece of cold sausage and slice of applebutter bread in the other, toddled along thinking if I could only learn to read, write and cipher how happy I would be. Why here there are so many students that certain rules are laid down and these must be observed, or the offending student put up with the consequences. There are over sixteen hundred here this year, and here are the class customs and you are, as I have said, required to observe them. The freshmen must always wear green caps, except on trips and on Sundays. When leaving the chapel, faculty go out first, then the seniors, juniors, sophomores and freshmen in order. The kids or freshmen must not smoke in the halls of the college or on the campus. Neither are they allowed to wear college colors during the first term. You will note from this that they, as a class, are the underlings or must do as the bound boy at a basking. The freshmen are not even allowed to carry canes unless they defeat the sophs in the inter-class football game. When there has been an athletic victory, the freshmen must carry fuel to the bonfire and here is where the board walks found their last resting place. The freshmen don't dare to set foot on the grass at any time, and who don't put the freshmen—marked for a whole year by a green cap.

Sophomores can issue but one proclamation each year and these proclamations dare not be posted on the college buildings. No classman is permitted to wear caps or hats bearing their class numbers until after Easter vacation of their second year. The privilege of going bareheaded is limited to upper classmen. The seniors all go bareheaded and they are known as such by this one particular mode of dress.

Pennsylvania State College is situated in Nittany Valley, a lovely plateau almost entirely surrounded by mountains. 'Tis 300 feet above Bedford, thus insuring a healthful climate. The college was organized in 1855 and the one small building, which then found room for all pertaining to the handful of students, still stands and forms one of the wings of the "Old Main." This is a very long building. Probably the finest of all the buildings is the auditorium, a gift from Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schwab. This building cost about \$100,000 and was erected during the past winter. There was a frame building built around the one in course of construction with a steam pipe installed therein so that the workmen could be comfortable at all times and the building would not in any way be damaged by the inclemency of the weather.

Andrew Carnegie gave the library it cost about \$150,000, and the auditorium, is built of buff brick. Some twelve or fifteen other buildings, each one trying to outshine its neighbor adorn the campus.

Here are five great schools, all in one college offering various courses of four years each. Students graduating here are noted for having passed through a course of study and training that fits them for any of the courses that they have studied. Many Bedford County boys have here applied themselves so that when turned loose were able to cope with and master their respective callings and today are holding responsible and lucrative positions with the largest and most responsible corporations and individuals of our country. Long live State College is the wish of the writer.

Whilst here I have stayed at Mother Pennington's on Beaver Avenue, where a Bedford boy has roomed for four years. She is a very pleasant and good mother to her boys, doing many things to make them comfortable and to make their stay with her home like. Yours truly,
M. P. Heckerman.

Sulphur Springs Reformed Church

Sunday, June 18: Mt. Zion—Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; Divine worship, 10:30 a. m. Grace, Mann's Choice—Sunday School, 9 a. m.; Divine worship, 7:30 p. m.

Emmet M. Adair, Pastor.

BURGESS CORLE'S REPLY

Refutes Statements in Editorial of Last Week's Bedford Inquirer.

Editor Gazette.

Sir:—Permit me, through your newspaper, to make a brief reply to the editorial published in the Bedford Inquirer last week under the head, "Jail Sentences Needed."

The first statement of the captioned editor is to the effect that "there has been considerable drunkenness on the streets of Bedford of late by old offenders. We admit there has been some drunkenness but not considerable. His next statement is: "The drunks have usually paid their fines and in a few days loaded up for another spree." Now let us see what the editor knows about that. In April one young man was put in the lockup—the only arrest made that month for drunkenness—and a fine of \$5.00 was imposed and collected from the prisoner. In a day or so after that he left for another state and has not returned to his home in Bedford Township since. Did he load up for another spree in this town?

In May another young farmer of near town was locked up for being drunk and a little noisy on the streets—the only arrest made that month—and a fine of \$2.50 was imposed and collected from him. He has not been seen in town since either by the Burgess or by the policeman. Did he load up for another spree?

On June 3 a man of the borough was arrested for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. A fine of \$7.50 was collected from him by the Burgess. A week later he told me that he was not going to drink any more and he has made good up to this time. He hasn't loaded up for another spree.

It is easily seen by these facts that the editor of the Inquirer does not know what he is talking about. During the months of April, May and June of 1909, the first year of my term, there were seventeen arrests made for drunkenness, and during the same months of 1910 there were twenty-five, and four so far in the same months this year. He says I am too lenient. Too lenient for what? Do the above facts show that I have been too lenient, considering the offenses committed?

He next says that I started out my term of office with brave declarations and have not lived up to them. I never made any declarations in regard to the disposition of drunks. It's my duty to give every person arrested for any violation of the borough ordinances a fair and impartial hearing, and then dispose of them according to my judgment and by the specifications of the ordinance. As to other declarations made by me, I will leave to my constituents to judge whether or not I have made good in so far as my authority goes.

The editor says I should send the notorious offenders—the poor drunken fellows, he means—to jail. Now let's see about that. The ordinance relating to drunkenness and the offenses that go with it, reads: "shall be fined, and in default of payment of said fine, be committed to the lockup or county jail for a period not to exceed 30 days." The first year of my term I sent a number of those who could not pay their fines to the county jail which cost the borough quite a little sum of money for commitments, turnkey, discharges and board, and I discovered the more I sent to jail the more drunks I had to send. Suppose, for instance, I had committed the three prisoners above referred to, since the first of April to jail, say for a total of 60 days, at a cost to the borough of \$30, and not collected the fines, do you think for a moment it would lessen the amount of drunkenness in the town? No, it would not, and I contend that the best place to hurt a man—either a drunk or a sober one—is to hit his pocketbook. But, however, I will send them to jail whenever the offense justifies it, and not to satisfy someone's personal prejudices.

The editor says I should stop the Sunday morning courts, because the courts of the county and state do not hold Sunday sessions. Of course they don't, except when a jury has been locked up in a jury room all night and are ready to render a verdict in the morning and want to be discharged in order that they may go home. But how about the police courts in the cities and towns throughout the state? Do not Altoona, Pittsburg and other cities and towns have their police courts on Sunday morning? Dear brother, I have held but two Sunday sessions in the past five months. If prisoners are so unfortunate as to be locked up on a Saturday night and are sober enough to be given a hearing the next day and make it known that they are ready to pay their fines in order that they may get home, why shouldn't I give them a hearing and impose and collect a fine and save the borough additional expense?

The editor concludes his article with the declaration, that "We need a Burgess with Backbone." Yes, I need a little more backbone, just a little more to tell some people of this town, who couldn't be elected to any official position if they tried to, where to "head in." Those who are always telling the Councilmen how to perform their duties, the Burgess how much to fine a prisoner, or how much of a license fee to collect, etc., that kind of persons that are called "knockers." Yes, I need a little more backbone to handle them. It doesn't take backbone to send some fellow to jail when we have the authority to do so.

The editor of the Inquirer has attempted to deceive his readers in regard to existing conditions. I will admit I have made some mistakes in the discharge of my duties, but "the man that never made a mistake never made anything."

It has been and will be the aim of the Burgess until the close of his extended term, which does not expire until the first Monday of January, 1914, to give all a fair and square deal, standing by what he thinks is right, to gladly listen to suggestions from anyone, cheerfully take all just criticism, and perform my duties as Burgess to the best of my ability and

with malice toward none. But for "knockers" we will not stand.
Moss W. Corle,
Chief Burgess.

TUESDAY EVENING'S LECTURE

Temperance Question Presented Logically and Forcefully.

The temperance lecture delivered in the Court House Tuesday evening by Hon. Oliver W. Stewart of Chicago was a masterpiece from every standpoint of reasoning and was a treat such as a Bedford audience has not enjoyed in years. A large audience greeted the speaker.

After a short invocation by Rev. W. V. Ganoe and the hearty singing of "Pennsylvania's Freedom Song" by a large chorus choir, Chairman E. M. Pennell introduced the speaker who held his audience in rapt attention during his able discussion of the "Saloon as a Business Proposition."

The speaker claimed that the saloon is not a business and that as business grows out of the struggle of life the saloon-keeper by being a non-producer is lower in the scale of society than any other business or professional man not excepting the thief who steals your money only, while the saloon-keeper takes your money leaving you worse off in a hundred other ways.

"Economic Difference" was dwelt upon largely wherein the saloon was charged as being a deadly enemy of the market. "The saloon never was a source of revenue and couldn't be from the very nature of its existence as all revenue comes from wealth the people produce and the saloon never produced anything but crime and pauperism."

"Saloon protection is the result of wrong law, and nothing short of constitutional enactment can be the final solution of the problem before the American people today."

The speaker showed how a campaign fight on a prohibition principle was possible, proved from his personal experience in Chicago when elected to the Legislature.

That all temperance forces may come together speedily, it was suggested that each individual win their own heart to right principle before hoping to conquer others.

Mr. Stewart is a decided optimist with all his aversion to the traffic and its attendant evils; his flow of wit and humor lifting his audience constantly to a high state of mirth while clinching a great truth.

At the close of the lecture an offering of two hundred three dollars and sixty-three cents was made for the National Temperance Society's organization work, under which auspices Mr. Stewart came to Bedford County.

With the singing of the "Crusade Glory Song" the meeting adjourned.

□ A good provider for his wife is often a poor provider for his widow.

□ There are new widows every day--what if the next one be yours?

□ He wants insurance most who can't get it. Are you insurable to-day?

□ Tell me just how you are situated and I will tell you the best Provident policy to buy and the cost at your age.

WM. S. LYSINGER

Adviser and Writer in

Life and Fire Insurance

Bedford, Pa.

True Values **B & B** True Values

hammock couches
—the comfortable kind,
fitted with spring and
mattress, with sides of
strong Khaki.

A person who ever
lounged in one of these
Couches knows how nice
they are, but the price
has always been up—
\$9.00 to \$15.00.

We still have Ham-
mock Couches at that
price, we also have them
at another and lower
price, \$5.00.

We'll not attempt to
say that the \$5.00 Couches
equal the others, but they
are good, durable, com-
fortable and well worth
knowing more about.

May we send you one?

BOGGS & BUHL

NORTH SIDE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

St. James' Episcopal Church

Sunday, June 18: Sunday School,
10 a. m.; morning prayer and ser-
mon, 11.

William E. Everest, Rector.

GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION

An Organization Effected—Now Prepared for Work.

The Good Roads Association for Western Bedford County was organized in Schellsburg on June 7. A constitution and by-laws were adopted, providing for a working organization which will co-operate with those supervisors and road masters who show a disposition to co-operate.

Primarily the road association is formed for good roads. Co-operation is the logical, same method of getting them; and every effort will be exhausted within reason to get in touch with our road makers, and to procure for them expert help; and to relieve them of the burdens which they now have to carry. But what we are organized for is to bring about good roads, which are our plain legal right; and while we are anxious to co-operate and to help we are not going to beg for what we are entitled to and have paid our money to obtain. We will meet the road makers half way; will even go further than that; for we recognize their very considerable difficulties and wish to share a part of their burden. Reference to the fact that the organization is strictly a working organization would not be made so plainly were it not for the fact that all the supervisors of the four townships, East St. Clair, Napier, Juniata and Harrison, to whom friendly invitations to be present were sent, were absent from the meeting, and but one, Mr. Kinton of Napier, sent word that he was unavoidably detained.

We very much hope that in the near future we will get into touch with the supervisors and road masters of all four townships, and proceed in a friendly way to work out the road problems together.

The officers of the new association are Dr. E. L. Smith, President; Thomas Hughes, Vice President; A. B. Ross, Secretary, and W. C. Keyser, Treasurer. A Road Committee consisting of Clarence B. Colvin, J. H. Colvin, Thomas Hughes, Harry B. Hull and David B. Ealy, was elected. This committee has immediate charge of the working end of the organization, inspection of the roads, reporting on same to the association, co-operative plans, etc.

A. B. Ross, Secretary.
Schellsburg, Pa., June 12, 1911.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MEETING OF JUNIATA CLASSIS

Twenty-Eighth Annual Session Held at St. Clairsville.

The Juniata Classis of the Reformed Church met for its 28th annual sessions in the Reformed Church at St. Clairsville, Rev. J. W. Zehring, pastor, on Tuesday evening, June 6. Upon the request of the retiring President, the Rev. C. W. Warlick of Martinsburg, Pa., the opening sermon was preached by the Rev. Christian Gumbert of Schellsburg. The sermon was followed by the Classical Communion and the election of officers for the coming year. The Rev. Christian Gumbert was elected President, the Rev. Daniel Master of Huntingdon, Vice President; the Rev. Emmet M. Adair, Ph. D., Corresponding Secretary; the Rev. Albert F. Nace, Stated Clerk, and Elder J. Scott Corle, Treasurer.

On Wednesday morning the standing committees were appointed and the parochial and statistical reports of pastors were received. These reports showed the various congregations to be in a healthy and prosperous condition. Wednesday night was devoted to Sunday School work and addresses were made by the Rev. Daniel Master of Huntingdon and Rev. J. Albert Eyer of Bedford.

Thursday night was Home Mission night and the address was delivered by the Rev. Thomas Leimbach of Reading. On Friday night Dr. J. Albert Beam, recently of China, represented the Foreign Board with an earnest appeal for the work in China. A missionary spirit pervaded all the sessions, and Classis took progressive action along this line. It was decided to hold a Classical, Laymen's Convention in Bedford in the early autumn.

Two new students for the ministry were enrolled. One new congregation was reported as having been organized during the year. The Pleasantville congregation being very small and seeing no prospect of growth applied to Classis to be dissolved. The request was granted and Elder Levi Roudabush was appointed to dispose of the property of the congregation for Classis.

The sessions were made all the more enjoyable by the royal entertainment provided by the members of the St. Clairsville Charge. Classis adjourned on Friday night to meet next year at Everett.

Bedford M. E. Church

Public preaching services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; morning subject The Kind of Failure That Succeeds; evening subject, Common Sense View of Heaven. Sunday School, 9:45 a. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.; Tuesday class, 7:45 p. m.; prayer service, 7:30 p. m. W. V. Ganoe, Minister.

Stamm-Swisher

Charles F. Stamm of Altoona and Mrs. Ida McClain Swisher of Saxton were united in marriage by Rev. James R. Bergey. The ceremony was performed at the home of T. C. Forshey, June 7, 1911.

Have You Ever Bought Goods Here?

If you have, you know that our whole aim is to please our customers. If you haven't bought goods here, then we'd like to have the pleasure of pleasing you. **WE DON'T BOAST** that we sell the best goods in the world for the least money; he who does is a fool, for this is a big world; but we do claim that we give you a Whole Dollar's Worth of goods for your dollar.

This Month of June is Our Bargain Month

and we'd like to prove our statements to you. Put us to the test and see if our Bargains are Real Bargains or not. **HERE ARE A FEW SPECIALS** just for a sample; lot of other Bargains besides these:

Boys' 75c Wash Suits for - - - 50c
Boys' knee-length Union Suits - - - 25c
Young Men's \$7.50 Nice Summer Suits, all sizes up to 35, light shades, \$5.50
Men's \$2.50 Trousers for - - - \$1.65
Women's \$2.50 Oxfords and Pumps \$1.69
Men's \$15 fine Serge Suits in stripes and plain, sizes to 48 for - - - \$12.50
Women's \$3 Tub Dresses for - - - \$1.98
Women's \$5 Linen Suits - - - \$3.50
Men's Silk Half Hose, only - - - 25c
Women's all Silk 75c Hose - - - 50c
\$1.50 Suit Cases, 24 inches - - - 95c

A General Reduction in Every Department in the Store.

HOFFMAN'S

Metropolitan Clothing and Shoe House,
BEDFORD, PENNA.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY

It's a question easily settled when you have only the best to choose from and a big variety of that best.

Of Fabric Gloves, each season we show more variety than the season past because more people want them. Handsome Silk Gloves in blues, brown, tans, black and white; 25c to \$1.50.

A specialty of Black Silk Stockings at prices ranging from 50c to \$1.50.

MRS. ELLA GILCHRIST

LET THE CHILDREN KODAK

Kodaks and Brownie Cameras at our store from \$1.00 to \$11.00. Prompt Developing and Printing.

Agency for Eastman Kodaks and Supplies.

SPECIAL ATTENTION
TO TELEPHONE ORDERSJOHN R. DULL,
DRUGGIST BEDFORD, PA.

JEWELRY

Of good taste is just as important as clothes. Garish effects in either are worse than none at all. We buy only the kind we think will please you—the jewelry of GOOD TASTE. This year the Silver and Gold Artisans have wrought as in a labor of love the beautiful things for gift-giving. We would like for you to see our offerings while our stock is complete. Barrettes, Veil Pins, Stick Pins, Combs, Belt Buckles, etc., from 75 cents up.

RIDENOUR'S
SMART JEWELRY for SMART FOLKS.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GAZETTE

Pleasantville

June 14—Rev. Dr. C. A. Mock, President of Lemars College, Lemars, Ia., and family visited here this week. Rev. Mock left Wednesday morning for Minnesota, his wife accompanying him to Johnstown. She will return here for the summer.

Norman Beckley, who recently graduated from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, is spending his vacation at home. Since graduating Mr. Beckley took a trip through the New England States and Eastern Canada. While in Boston he entered the Polytechnic Institute.

Dr. Clinton Mock of the Mercy Hospital, Baltimore, visited friends in town recently.

Misses Violet Smith and Lulu Riddle, of Osterburg, were business visitors here on Wednesday.

Mrs. Keefe Aldstadt of Windber is spending this week with her mother, Mrs. J. B. Smith, who has been ill for some time.

G. H. Miller made a business trip to Altoona on Tuesday.

Wilson Miller recently lost a fine mare.

C. S. Potts has opened a Saturday barber shop at Fishertown.

News has arrived from Washington, D. C., stating that Dr. I. W. Blackburn is very ill. The specialist who is attending him gives no hope for his recovery.

George Miller and family, of Altoona, spent Sunday here, making the trip in his new auto.

T. B. Potts has improved the looks of his property by tearing down the fence in front of it.

Rush Morris is preparing to lay a cement walk in front of his house.

The Misses Powell are visiting in Huntingdon.

Rev. J. W. Chambers of Burnt Cabins called on friends here this week. Rev. Chambers states that he likes his new field very much.

D. P. Wright and wife, W. R. Smith and wife and J. B. Hammer and wife were Bedford visitors on Wednesday.

Clewett Cox of Johnstown is visiting relatives here.

Ward Crist and a Mr. McClellan, of Windber, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Rev. H. W. Bender and Elias Ball, of Schellsburg, were visitors here this week.

Jacob Yarnal, who has been employed by the Berwind-White Coal Mining Company, is working for G. S. Mowry.

E. M. Walker, our mail carrier, has remodeled his wagon and is better able to care for the traveling public.

Oliver W. Stewart delivered a temperance lecture in the Lutheran Church Saturday evening.

The Children's Day exercises held in the M. E. Church were well attended. In spite of the warm weather a large crowd listened to a well prepared program.

Adam Yarnal, who recently purchased an "Old Trusty" incubator, reports a hatch of 90 chicks from a setting of 114 eggs.

Mrs. Charlotte Harbaugh's house is much improved by the erection of a new porch.

T. P. Beckley is in Virginia purchasing another lot of horses.

Perle Ickes sings an old familiar hymn—"A charge to keep I have,"—it's a girl.

Earlston

June 13—Miss Faye Garlick has returned from a visit to relatives in Philadelphia.

Mrs. George Hite and three children, of near Breeseville, were guests at the home of the former's brother, George Crook, over Sunday.

Misses Mae and Virgie Manspeaker of Martinsburg are visiting their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. David Garlick.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Tewell and family, of Cumberland Valley, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Joseph Wilson.

Miss Olive Hixson of Crystal Springs is employed at the home of Rutherford Williams.

Misses Alma Steckman and Millie Smith spent Sunday in Bedford.

Miss Fannie Homler of Clear Creek is visiting her brother, James Homler.

Miss Mary Ritchey of near Everett spent last Tuesday night at the home of the Misses Wareham.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Wigfield, of Everett, took dinner recently at the home of James Evans.

Miss Athlone Smith of Warrior Ridge is visiting at the home of A. W. Sparks.

Rainsburg

June 14—The spirit of '76 is surely aroused in our little "Burg." Every one is talking Fourth of July. We are going to have a big time. A good band has been secured for the day. There will also be speeches, a game of baseball, fantasies, etc. Let everybody come and have a good time. We extend a hearty welcome to all.

Rev. Nipple organized a reading circle Monday evening.

A very severe electrical storm passed over this section Sunday night.

Cherries are getting ripe but are not very plentiful around here.

D. J. Filler made a business trip to Everett on Saturday.

Lloyd Beagle, wife and two children, of Everett, and Miss Nellie Davidson of Bedford were guests at Hotel Cessna on Sunday.

Misses Gertrude and Ione Reighard are visiting their brother, W. C. Reighard, at Cumberland.

L. W. Hite and family have moved from Cumberland to this place.

Henry Fisher and wife, of Cumberland Valley, visited their son Carl on Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Clarence James of Wilkinsburg is visiting her father, D. J. Filler.

The faithful old family horse of John James died last week. She was 27 years old. This is the third horse Mr. James has lost this spring.

Frank Mower left here Tuesday morning for Lorain, O., where he was called to the bedside of his brother, E. O. Mower, who is in a very critical condition.

Do not forget Children's service at the M. E. Church Sunday evening at 7:30.



Are you tired of working like a horse and getting only half a crop? What's the use. Come in and let us show you the latest thing in the line of Cultivators that is on the market. **THE FAMOUS OHIO BALANCE FRAME PIVOT AXLE CULTIVATOR**

You can adjust it instantly for rows from 26 to 58 inches apart, making it a general purpose tool. Your son or daughter can handle it with ease and think it is play. Frame balances to weight of any rider. No flying up of the tongue at end of row. There are

500,000 Famous OHIOS in use
IT IS NOT AN EXPERIMENT

Come in and let us show you the best cultivator made and also our full line of IMPROVED FARM MACHINERY

ISAAC PIERSON, Bedford, Pa.



A Dissatisfied Customer

can kill more trade for us than ten pleased buyers can create. It is our policy, therefore, to give such complete clothes satisfaction that a dissatisfied customer is an impossibility. We depend on "ALCO SYSTEM" clothes to please our customers and you too, can depend on them. They are gentlemen's garments made of fine materials, with fine linings and strong "interiors," just like an exclusive tailor would make them with just as much style and hand work to guarantee fit and wearing qualities.

The only difference is that "ALCO" clothes cost less, much less, than any tailor would charge. For grown-ups of any age from 15 to 50.

100 DOZEN HOLEPROOF HOISERY.

Straub's Clothing Store,
Bedford, Penna.



THE BEST THAT CAN BE MADE

For Water Troughs, Water Tanks, Hog Troughs, Fence Posts, etc.

Ask us for the MODERN FARMER, a booklet giving the forms, etc.

DAVIDSON BROTHERS
AGENTS

Pennsylvania Railroad
SIXTEEN-DAY EXCURSIONS
June 29, July 20, August 3, 17, and 31, September 14, 1911

\$7.50 or \$9.50 to Atlantic City, Cape May
Wildwood, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Stone Harbor, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

\$9.50 or \$11.50 to Asbury Park, Long Branch
West End, Hollywood, Elberon, Deal Beach, Allenhurst, North Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Avon, Belmar, Como, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Brielle, Point Pleasant, Manasquan, and Bay Head, N. J.

FROM BEDFORD
Tickets at the lower rate good only in Coaches. Tickets at the higher rate good in Parlor or Sleeping Cars in connection with proper Pullman tickets.

SPECIAL TRAIN OF PARLOR CARS, AND COACHES
Leaves Pittsburgh at 8:55 A. M. and runs through to Atlantic City. Tickets good for passage on Special Train and its connections or on trains leaving Pittsburgh at 4:55 P. M., 8:33 P. M. (Coaches only), and 8:50 P. M. (Sleeping Cars only), and their connections.

For leaving time of trains, stop-over privileges and full information consult nearest Ticket Agent, or James P. Anderson, D. P. A., Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank,

at Bedford, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, June 7, 1911.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$463,472.85
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	2,742.27
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	49,690.88
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	21,200.00
Other real estate owned	40,380.26
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	4,598.42
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	5,372.85
Due from approved reserve agents	33,222.97
Checks and other cash items	2,829.37
Notes of other National Banks	595.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	195.22
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	\$40,346
Legal tender notes	7,100
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)	3,900.00
Total	\$795,646.09

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	30,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	44,134.91
National Bank Notes outstanding	98,900.00
Due to other National Banks	1,628.64
Due to approved reserve agents	10.06
Dividends unpaid	80.00
Individual deposits subject to check	159,716.88
Time certificates of deposit	347,920.75
Cashier's checks outstanding	12,712.74
Liabilities other than those stated above	542.11
Total	\$795,646.09

State of Pennsylvania, County of Bedford, SS:

I, H. B. Cessna, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. B. CESSNA, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of June, 1911.

JOHN N. MINNICH,
Notary Public.

My commission expires January 23, 1915.

CORRECT—Attest:

E. A. BARNETT,
J. H. JONGENECKER,
A. B. EGOLF,
Directors.

New Paris

June 13—Joseph Rowzer spent last week with friends at Johnstown. J. Warren Mickel of Juniata College was home a few days during last week.

Prof. Faustin Hoover, Principal of the Yeddo schools, has returned home.

Mrs. J. Howard Taylor and three daughters are now visiting relatives at Pittsburg.

John Neff, wife and two children, of Johnstown, were guests in our vicinity over Sunday.

Espy Mangas and family, of Windber, were visitors in our village not long since.

The new barn on the farm of S. H. Mickel was slightly damaged by lightning two weeks ago.

Preston Blackburn wears a smile. No wonder! They are twin girls—Helen and Hazel.

A. E. Miller and W. J. Shoenthal are having awnings erected in front of their places of business.

A temperance lecture was delivered in the Reformed Church at this place Sunday evening, June 4, by I. P. Patch of Altoona, and on Sunday morning, June 11, in the M. E. Church a lecture was given on the same subject by Hon. O. W. Stewart of Chicago. Both gentlemen were earnest in their work and gave their hearers much thought for reflection.

The School Directors have organized by making H. M. Ridenour President, J. R. Sleek Secretary and J. A. Cuppert Treasurer. Prof. George L. Wolf was elected principal of the schools for the coming term. Teachers will be elected for the other two rooms Tuesday evening, July 4.

The following persons met at the home of Miss Maria Otto in honor of her sister, Mrs. Christina Rodgers of Johnstown, who is visiting her, on June 10: Mrs. Fredericka Bertram, Jacob McCreary and wife, Della Bowers, Mrs. Henry Adams, Mrs. C. M. Davis, Mrs. James Davis, Mrs. Odillo Blackburn, John O. Blackburn, J. A. Hiner and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Lindley Oldham and three children, Henry Ferguson, wife and daughter, Mrs. Laura Blackburn, all of New Paris, and Mrs. John Adams and Mrs. Elizabeth Leppert, of Johnstown. All report a pleasant time.

Church of God

There will be a picnic at Round Knob on Saturday, June 17, and preaching in the evening, subject, "Thomas, Who Staid Away From Church." Preaching Sunday by Joseph Thomas. Preaching at Coal-dale at 10:30. Ordinance meeting at 7:30 Sunday at North Point. Preaching by Rev. W. J. Winfield at Saxton at 10:30.

F. W. McGuire, Pastor.

Wildes-Price

Robert W. Wildes of Altoona and Miss Estella Rebecca Price of Everett were married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Walters in Altoona Tuesday, June 13, 1911, by Rev. Charles D. Russell. They will reside in Altoona.

David Zimmers

David Zimmers, one of Bedford Township's oldest and most respected citizens, died at his home near Wolfburg on Friday, June 9, 1911, aged 80 years, four months and two days.

Mr. Zimmers was born near Cessna on February 7, 1831. He was united in marriage with Miss Mary Mortimore and they are survived by the following children: Mrs. John Pensyl, Mrs. S. B. Herschberger, J. C. Zimmers, Mrs. A. Phillips and Mrs. Charles Reulinger, all residing in this county. One brother, Aaron Zimmers of Cessna, and three sisters, as follows: Mrs. Hester Mann, Mrs. A. J. Wisegarver and Mrs. Mary Mortimore.

The funeral services were held on Sunday in St. Paul's Reformed Church, Cessna, and were conducted by his pastor, Rev. E. A. G. Hermann, interment was made in the adjoining cemetery.

In his death the community loses one of its useful citizens. He was an interested and faithful member of the Reformed Church and frequently held important offices connected with the same.

Mrs. D. H. Darr

Mrs. Mary E., wife of David H. Darr, died at their home in Schellsburg on Saturday, June 10, 1911, aged 73 years.

The funeral services were held Monday afternoon and were conducted by her pastor, Rev. M. C. Flegal of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Interment was made in the Schellsburg Cemetery.

Deceased was born in Washington, D. C., and was twice married, her first husband being Lawson Newman, who was in the Government naval service. Besides her husband she is survived by a son, A. T. Newman, of Cumberland, Md.

L. B. Sutton

L. B. Sutton died in New York Sunday, June 11, in the 44th year of his age. He spent several years in the Transvaal, South Africa, on construction work. While there he contracted the disease which caused his death. Mr. Sutton returned to the United States two years ago and since that time has been assistant consulting engineer for the Guggenheim corporation.

He was married to Miss Lauder, a daughter of William Lauder of Riddesburg, who, with one son, survives. Interment was made at Riddesburg.

Harold E. Imler

Harold Eugene, son of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Imler, died at the home of his parents at Imlertown on Sunday, June 11, 1911, aged six months and 16 days.

Funeral services were held on Monday in Pleasant Hill Reformed Church, conducted by Rev. E. A. G. Hermann. Interment was made in the cemetery adjoining the church.

Carrie V. Brant

Carrie Virginia Brant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Brant, of Buffalo Mills, died June 4, 1911, aged 10 years, six months and 21 days. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Emmet M. Adair, Ph. D., pastor of Sulphur Springs Reformed Church, interment was made in Trinity Reformed Church Cemetery.

Miss Emily Smith

Miss Emily Smith (colored) died at the home of Dr. and Mrs. S. M. Royer in Martinsburg, June 6, 1911, aged 92 years, six months and 14 days. She was born in Bedford and spent the whole of her life time in the family of John Nicodemus. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. C. W. Warlick of St. John's Reformed Church, Martinsburg.

Don't forget your best friend, Holeproof Hosiery, at Straub's.

Schellsburg

June 15—Mrs. Lyle Egolf is visiting friends at Altoona and other places at present.

Edward Darr and daughter, of Everett, attended the funeral of the former's brother's wife, Mrs. D. H. Darr, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Manfred Beckley, of Cessna, spent Tuesday at H. N. Shoemaker's.

Leo Gilchrist of Bedford is spending this week with Fred Culp.

Mrs. J. C. Williams is visiting friends at Pittsburg and other places.

Mrs. W. V. Taylor spent several days with her son Howard at New Paris recently.

Jacob Myers and family, of Mann's Choice, spent Sunday with Mrs. Myers' aunt, Mrs. John B. Colvin.

There has been quite a change in the atmosphere again. On Sunday the thermometer registered 90 degrees in the shade.

Mrs. George Beckley and Mrs. Clarence Blackburn, of Ryot, and Mrs. Koontz of Cessna, spent Tuesday with the former's sister, Mrs. Margaret Tucker.

Mrs. Frank E. Colvin and daughters, of Bedford, visited relatives here on Wednesday.

H. B. Williams and wife, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Colvin and Mrs. Laura Long, attended the funeral of their aunt, Mrs. George Horn, at Buffalo Mills on Tuesday.

Rev. S. E. Stofflet and wife, of Hazleton, are guests of Mrs. Stofflet's sister, Mrs. J. E. Garlinger.

While your scribe was in New Buena Vista this week he saw a German Catechism that was printed in 1795. It is owned by Miss Maria Hillegass.

Mrs. Stoutenour of Philadelphia is visiting her sister, Mrs. Susan Fisher.

Dr. W. W. Van Orner and Silas Gollipher attended the Soldiers Reunion at Bedford on Wednesday.

Card of Thanks

Personally and on behalf of the other members of the family, I wish to express our appreciation of the kindness of the friends and neighbors who so generously tendered their services during the illness and at the funeral of our mother, Mrs. George W. Horn, at Buffalo Mills.

Daniel S. Horn.

Makes Home Baking Easy



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

NO ALUM. NO LIME PHOSPHATE

Defiance

June 14—John Little, Sr., and wife, of Bedford, were guests at the home of their son, John H. Little, of our town last Sunday.

S. L. Winter of Langdonville supported with H. C. McElwee of Defiance on Saturday on his return from Riddesburg where he attended a meeting of the Directors of Broad Top Township school district, of which body he is a member.

A number of our young people are on a fishing excursion somewhere along the Raystown Branch of the Blue Juniata. The party is under the direction of Edward Graffius and Thomas Fox.

Howard Rinard and wife, of Windber, are spending some time at the home of Mrs. Rinard's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Graffius.

Alexander Burns, who had been working in Western Pennsylvania for some months, is home at present.

James Russell, vice president of district No. 2, U. M. W. of America, was in our village on official business on Tuesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Dilling and little daughter, of Saxton, spent several hours at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Brumbaugh last Sunday.

Mrs. Barney and son Harold are visiting at Clearville this week.

J. Jerry Coffee of Oceola, Pa., a representative of the Waterman Waterbury Company of Buffalo, N. Y., while calling on School Directors in Broad Top Township had the pleasure of meeting his friend, H. C. McElwee, with whom he roomed in 1896 at Lock Haven, where both were attending school.

A number of our people from Defiance attended the show at Huntingdon on Wednesday.

John W. Brumbaugh, son of H. H. Brumbaugh, is visiting with his aunts at Roaring Spring.

Fine line of Eclipse Dress Shirts now on display at Straub's.

Springhope

June 14—Mrs. Isaac Blackburn attended the yearly meeting of the Baptist Church, which convened at Gelle Vernon last week, as a delegate from this place.

Ed. Mason of Osterburg was through here on Tuesday buying cattle.

William A. Hoover and daughter, Mrs. Effie Zeigler, are visiting friends at Windber and Johnstown at present.

Miss Martha Evans of Fishertown is keeping house for Mrs. William Zeigler during her absence.

Charles Miller and mother, of Pittsburg, are visiting friends in Bedford County and made a short call at this place on Tuesday.

David Deaner, our planing-mill man and lumber dealer, believes in keeping abreast with the times and is having a steam heating plant installed in his home by Frank J. Horne of Bedford; the necessary material is already on hand.

Samuel Fleagle of Windber is visiting his old acquaintances here this week. We are always glad to see him come.

Avery Miller and Miss Ada Shafer are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. Andrew Slegewell, of Williamsport.

Saturday evening a very hard rain storm passed over our section and a large quantity of hail to the size of hulled walnuts fell. Pilgrim.

Fishertown

June 15—Mrs. E. C. Blackburn and two children, of Williamsport, are spending a few weeks at the home of Mrs. Mary A. Blackburn.

Mrs. Sellers of Altoona is the guest of Miss Margaretta Blackburn.

Rev. Baisman of Enola, a former pastor of the Reformed Church of this place, is visiting friends here.

Triab Blackburn and Robert McCoy transacted business in Bedford on Tuesday.

Mrs. Alverda Wright is visiting her sisters here, Mrs. Catherine Miller and Mrs. G. C. Wisel.

Those who attended the Soldiers Reunion in Bedford on Wednesday from this place were Thomas and Charles Miller, John Feaster, Joseph Penrose and Jacob Hoover.

Merle Hoover was a Bedford visitor this

An International Episode

American Girl Interferes With the Will of the Czar of Russia

By EVELYN MOORE

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Every one said that Jack Worthington should have been a man. One may infer from the name that Jack was a man, but this is not so. Her name was Jacqueline. When she was a little girl she wrote it Jack, but as she grew older, finding that every one else wrote it Jack, she fell into line. There was nothing unfeminine about Miss Worthington. It was the strength of purpose and the daring in her that caused her friends to say that she should have been born masculine. She had a woman's heart and a man's head and courage.

But to begin at the beginning. Jack Worthington lived in Washington, being the daughter of a retired admiral in the United States navy. There are attractive young men attached to the foreign legations in Washington, who frequently find wives among the girls of the capital. The secretary of the Russian embassy was one of the finest of these fellows—tall, handsome, with blue eyes, light hair and beard; indeed, a perfect type of the sons of the north, belonging to the higher class.

Alexis Droubeloff fell a victim to a certain witchery there was in Jack Worthington. Unfortunately for his suit, she had read much of the efforts of certain noble men and women in Russia to throw off the bureaucratic yoke and had become an ardent sympathizer with the Russian revolution. While her heart went out to meet that of the secretary, she would not give him any encouragement, since he was in the service of what she considered tyranny. The result of the affair was that she converted him to her way of thinking.

Droubeloff had one of those self-sacrificing natures possessed by all Russian revolutionists. Once converted he conceived it to be his duty to go back to Russia and contend for the cause. He told Jack that though he loved her and should always love her he must relinquish her, for henceforth his life and liberty would be in constant jeopardy.

If anything was needed to attach the girl's heart irrevocably to the young diplomat this stand was quite sufficient. But, since he had determined to resign from the government service and go to Russia for the purpose of thwarting that government's will by assisting to educate the people, the lovers were obliged to part. Jack kept her affair a secret from her father, her mother and all the world, and when the secretary of the Russian legation resigned his position and sailed away no one knew that he took her heart with him.

Droubeloff had not worked long in his new field before he was arrested and sent to Siberia.

With Droubeloff shut up for life in a Russian prison in the frozen regions of the north, Jack Worthington a society belle in the western hemisphere, this story should by good rights come to an end here. But the moment Jack Worthington heard of her lover's exile to Siberia that strong will and ability to do which have been mentioned as characteristic of her began to assert themselves. She was now twenty-four years old and possessed a fortune in her own right. She informed her father and mother that she was going abroad, and going alone. Had they known her purpose, instead of permitting her to go they would have more likely planned to place her in a lunatic asylum.

Jack's sympathy with the Russian revolution had been fostered by certain Russian refugees she had met who had depicted the condition of the Russian lower classes, and the efforts of the revolutionists in their behalf. One of these men, Michael Zarowitz, who was preparing to return to Russia, she took into her confidence, and the two went away together. Before Droubeloff left Washington Jack had introduced the two men, who had several conferences.

Jack's object in going to Russia was to free her lover. They formed definite plans, leaving only to chance those matters which no one can foresee. She believed that no prison is strong enough to hold a person whose friends are determined to get him out. She was to plan Droubeloff's escape, and Zarowitz was to execute it. There were to be no more persons taken into the secret if it were possible for the two to work it alone.

Fortunately Miss Worthington possessed a good constitution as well as a strong will, for the journey from St. Petersburg to Kara, where Droubeloff was confined, is a hard one. She received her passports through the American minister, whom she had known in Washington and who exerted himself in her behalf. She traveled ostensibly as a correspondent for American newspapers going to Kara to report on the condition of the prisons there.

When within a hundred miles of Kara she began to make provision for a flight by buying horses and sleighs, which she left at convenient distances along the route to be used as relays. Those nearest Kara she directed to be kept in readiness to be turned out in a few minutes' notice.

Before reaching their destination the travelers separated, appointing a place of rendezvous. When they arrived Miss Worthington made it her first

business to find a convenient abode for she had no mind to detract from the chances of accomplishing her object by making haste. She found a stopping place in the family of a keeper of one of the prisons and, having settled herself, presented to the governor her papers embodying instructions for facilities to be given her in visiting the prisons. This done, she entered at once on an examination of them, writing a report which she took care to make very favorable to the management and submitted it to the governor for his inspection. Her real object was to discover in what prison and what part of the prison Droubeloff was confined and to learn as much about it, its entrances and exits and rules as possible.

One day when Miss Worthington was making an inspection a squad of prisoners was being marched to the mines. In the line was Droubeloff. So changed was he that Miss Worthington did not know him. And it was perhaps fortunate that she did not, for her recognition of him might have proved dangerous. But he recognized her. Though filled with a wild joy, he managed to show no evidence that he had ever seen her before. Seeing a pair of eyes fixed on her, the knowledge that they belonged to her lover came so slowly that she, too, was enabled to avoid any appearance of recognition.

Jack recalled her parting with Droubeloff at Washington. It was after a reception at the White House, and he was in evening dress, with the insignia of several orders upon his breast. What a change in this unkempt man in the clothes of a workman with a pick and shovel on his shoulder! The meeting not only stimulated her desire to free him, but added to that daring tempered by caution which was natural to her.

The next day she found a way of meeting Zarowitz. He had represented himself as from the country round about Kara, who had come for the purpose of getting employment about the prisons. Miss Worthington told him of the prison in which Droubeloff was confined, and it was agreed that he should concentrate his efforts upon that particular prison. This was all that could be done at present.

It was two months before Zarowitz secured one of the most unimportant positions in the prison where Droubeloff was confined, but once there he gave evidence of such vigilance that it was not long before he was promoted to be keeper.

Miss Worthington's plans were now nearing a head. She had succeeded in getting a very daring man in as keeper of the prison in which her lover was confined. Methods of getting Droubeloff out were plentiful, but would any of them be successful? There is one, or a part of one, that has been often tried with success. Prisoners have been enabled to gain time by leaving a dummy in their cells, and this was the first matter for preparation. In order to have a dummy ready Miss Worthington gave Zarowitz certain materials for its composition, which he took with him to his quarters in the prison.

Meanwhile the prisoner and his keeper had come into secret communication, and Zarowitz was watching for an opportunity to connive at the former's escape. A failure was not only to be dreaded for Droubeloff, but for Zarowitz, and what appalled both men was the possibility of Miss Worthington being implicated. Zarowitz would suffer untold miseries if as keeper he assisted a prisoner to escape, and should it become known that the Russian police had long been hunting for him it would add to his tortures. If Miss Worthington were arrested as an accessory she would doubtless remain in the Kara prison for the rest of her life. For this reason Droubeloff asked Zarowitz to beg her to go away and leave the two to work out the problem by themselves, but she resolutely declined.

The escape was attempted in the evening. The prisoners were marched after a day's work into their cells. The keeper went to Droubeloff's cell and spoke a few words in a whisper. Droubeloff took the dummy from under his cot and placed it on the cot with the face toward the wall. Zarowitz, who had left him, presently returned with a workman's suit of clothes. Droubeloff put it on and leaving the cell, walked boldly down the corridor.

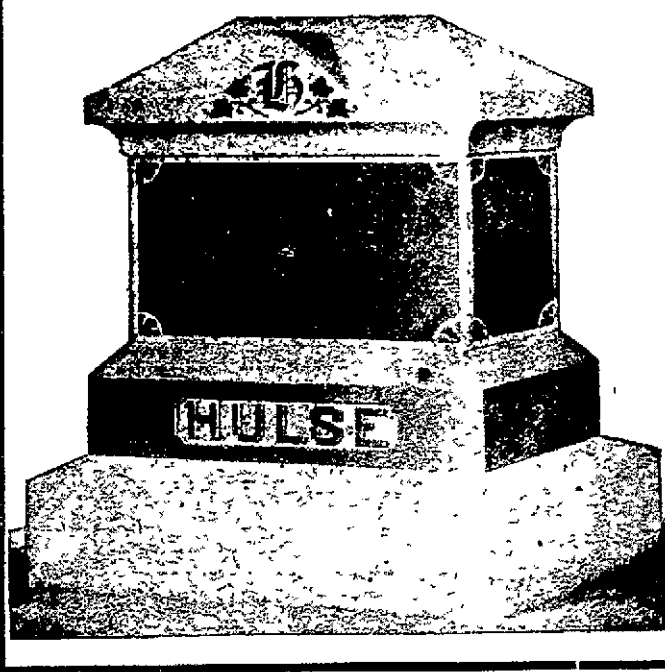
There was no way to eliminate the guards standing at different places on the line of exit. The prisoner must run the risk of their recognizing him. The chances were that, not being personally acquainted with the prisoners, they would not recognize one of them in the garb of a workman. But this was not certain. Droubeloff passed the first guard in his exit from the building. Walking on deliberately, he passed the one in the yard. It was hard for him to resist the temptation to make a dash through the gateway, but he resisted. Passing out as any ordinary laborer would do, he was beyond the wall. The temptation to run was all but irresistible. When he knew his figure was growing dim to those at the gate he hastened his step.

At an appointed place he found a sleigh. He stepped into it beside Miss Worthington, who pulled a robe up over him, and the driver, who was none other than the keeper, who had gone before him, drove away.

Not a word was spoken as the horses trotted leisurely toward the outskirts of the prison settlement, while under the robe two lovers clasped hands in mingled exultation and fear that all still might be lost. But once on the main road leading southwestward the gait was changed from a trot to a gallop.

The relays took the fugitives rapidly to the borders of Russian territory, and once across they were safe.

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Our work is carefully loaded, placed on guaranteed cement foundations by experts, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Matchmaking

By LUCY M. ROE

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"Tom," said Mrs. Vandevere to her husband, "we need more recreation—I don't mean going out in the evening after you have come home all tired out, but some one to come in and chat with us or play cards."

"Well, my dear, all I have to say is that I'm content as it is, but if you care to invite any person or persons in here so that I won't have to go out and see them I don't object."

"I have a plan all laid out. There's Ralph Eldridge. He's thirty-five, and it is time he was married. Now, my old school friend Margaret Shaw would be just the woman for Ralph. She's twenty-six. What do you say to getting them in occasionally to dinner, with a game of bridge or five hundred in the evening. It may be a great favor to them to bring them together. They may make a match."

"Do anything you like, my dear, provided you don't put me to any trouble."

So Mr. Eldridge and Miss Shaw were invited to dinner, with cards in the evening. Mr. Eldridge of course played with Mrs. Vandevere, Mr. Vandevere playing with Miss Shaw. It is singular what a little thing will start persons on a different track. It was all in the cards. Mr. Vandevere and Miss Shaw held all the court cards in the pack from 9 o'clock, when they sat down, till 11, when they arose. This made Mrs. Vandevere a trifle irritable. It produced a corresponding exhilaration in Miss Shaw. Furthermore, seeing that Mrs. Vandevere was irritated, Miss Shaw, moved by perversity, became very enthusiastic in her expressions to her partner, giving him glances that his wife, being in an ill humor, construed unfavorably. This led the hostess to say a number of nice things to Mr. Eldridge.

When the evening was over and the guests had departed Mr. and Mrs. Vandevere went to bed without a word. Mrs. Vandevere suspected that in introducing Miss Shaw into her house she had warned a serpent in her bosom. Mr. Vandevere, for the first time in his married life, felt a spark of jealousy of Mr. Eldridge, who was an extremely good looking and attractive man.

The next week when Mr. Vandevere came home one afternoon from business his wife told him that Miss Shaw had invited the party to dinner and for cards in the evening. Mr. Vandevere, fearing that if he declined to accept his wife would think he wished to keep her from again meeting Mr. Eldridge, consented. His wife was much surprised and set down his willingness to a desire to again meet Miss Shaw.

At this meeting the cards ran more evenly, but Miss Shaw seemed to be even more in rapport with Mr. Vandevere than before, while Mr. Eldridge treated Mrs. Vandevere with a deference that was, to say the least, extremely noticeable. Not for the world would Mr. Vandevere show that he noticed certain glances with which Mr. Eldridge favored his wife, but within him he was burning with a smothered fury, and a part of his irritation was for his wife that she did not resent such treatment instead of seeming to be pleased with it.

The four continued to meet once a week at the house of one or the other. Mr. Vandevere would have been glad to give up the meetings, and his wife made no objections to doing so, but Mr. Eldridge and Miss Shaw were so urgent when it came their turn to do the entertaining that the Vandeveres felt obliged to yield. Mrs. Vandevere attributed Miss Shaw's persistence to a desire to meet her husband, and Mr. Vandevere attributed Mr. Eldridge's persistence to a desire to meet his wife.

"Your plan, my dear," said Mr. Vandevere one evening before one of these meetings, "for making a match between Eldridge and Miss Shaw doesn't seem to work."

"H'm!" was the retort. "Miss Shaw seems to be predisposed in another direction."

"I don't know anything about that," snarled the husband, "but it's very plain that Eldridge is preoccupied."

"The next time I attempt to make a

match," rejoined the wife, "I'll see that there is no one about to lead the lady in the case from her suitor."

Half an hour later the party was at Mr. Eldridge's bachelor quarters, where the meeting was to take place. When the game commenced for the first time Mr. Eldridge and Miss Shaw refrained from any jealousy inspiring glances at the Vandeveres. Mrs. Vandevere, who was more observant than her husband, detected a tender look passing between the unmarried couple. When the cards were put aside Mr. Eldridge got out a light luncheon and a bottle of iced champagne was brought into the room. There was a cork salute, and the host filled the glasses and said to his guests:

"Many thanks for giving me the loveliest woman in the world. Miss Shaw has consented to be my wife."

When the Vandeveres returned to their home the husband embraced his wife and said:

"My dear, I think you and I can get along without any more couples to come in and spend our evenings with us. And I'm not interested in match-making. These two have been making catspaws of us."

"I expect you're right, dear. They were playing us for the purpose of plucking each other."

SWITCHED ON SUFFRAGE.

Bill Changed His Opinion After a Talk With His Wife.

Old Bill Shiftless wandered in the other day to talk a little politics, says the Osborne (Kan.) Farmer. Bill is somewhat interested in the woman suffrage movement. He is for it good and strong. Bill says: "My wife has as much right to vote as I have. She does half the work and owns half of everything and should have as much say as I have. Of course the old woman would also vote as I told her to, but that makes no difference. It would give me double power, and the Lord knows us poor people have little enough to say now about the way things are run. Then, besides, I want the old lady to have all the pleasure she can get out of this world."

That night old Bill was talking the question over with his wife. She said she would like to get a chance to vote the distilleries off the face of the earth. Bill flared up in a minute.

"That's just the way with the women!" yelled Bill. "Give them half a chance and they would ruin everything. Look at the poor people around here who can't afford a doctor or to buy medicine. If they can keep a little liquor in the house it saves many a sick spell. Women have all they can do to look after things around the house without chasing off and voting."

Then old Bill chased himself to bed and left Mrs. Shiftless to bring in a bucket of coal and get kindling for the morning.

BRUMMEL'S GHOSTS.

Pathetic Picture of the Great Beau in His Decadence.

We are more familiar with the picture of Beau Brummel in the days of his prosperity than in his decadence. Here is a pathetic glimpse of the last phase at Caen, when the old man's mind had begun to give way under the accumulated stress of penury and ingratitude.

"Sometimes he thought he ought to give a party, so he would arrange the apartment, set out the candies and get the house attendant to be with him. At 8 o'clock this man would open the door of the room and announce 'the Duchess of Devonshire.' At the sound of this name Brummel would rise from his chair and greet the cold air from the staircase as though it were the beautiful duchess herself, making his most courtly bow and saying: 'Ah, my dear duchess, how rejoiced I am to see you—so very amiable of you at this short notice! Pray, bury yourself in this armchair! Do you know, it was a gift to me from the Duchess of York, who was a very kind friend of mine; but, poor thing, she is now no more.' Then, his eyes filling with tears, he would sink into his chair, looking vacantly into the fire until Lord Alvanley, Lord Allen, the Duke of Beaufort or some other old friend was ushered in. At 10 the attendant announced the carriage of each invisible visitor, and this ghostly party would conclude."

London Graphic.

Regulates the bowels, promotes easy, natural movements, cures constipation—Doan's Regulators. Ask your druggist for them. 25c a box.

CAMELS OF THE ARABS.

Various Ways the Desert Nomads Use the Animals' Milk.

Nearly 90,000 camels are used in the vilayet of Bagdad as beasts of burden, and with donkeys they form the only means of carrying goods to inland points. For a common burden camel \$30 is a fair price, though the trotters, or swift messenger camels, are worth more. A young camel can sometimes be had about Bagdad for as little as \$3 or \$4.

Besides its use for riding and carrying purposes, the Mesopotamian Arabs depend on the camel for milk. Shoes are made from its tough, calloused hide, and in times of famine its brittle, strong tasting flesh is eaten. Condensed milk, made by boiling fresh camel milk until evaporation leaves only a hard, chalky substance, is prized among the desert nomads. By rubbing this substance between the hands it reduces to powder, and when mixed with warm water it makes a refreshing drink, highly esteemed among the desert folk. "Mereesy," as it is called, will keep in good condition for two years. When made from buttermilk it tastes sour and is prized among Arabs who have eaten much of sweet dates. Fresh, warm camel milk is also the food of many valuable horses owned by desert sheiks.

Camel calves are weaned in their eleventh or twelfth month. When a camel caravan is on the march the very young camels are often tied upon the backs of the mother animal, since they cannot endure the fatigue of a long march. Valuable dogs and Arab desert hounds, called "slugeys," also ride in the same way.—Chicago Record-Herald.

VIENNA DEATH NOTICES.

They Read Like an Extract From a Family History.

"Don't die in Vienna. You'll be sorry if you do," writes an American on his first visit to that city, "not because of the usual objections, but on account of the death notices in the papers. They appear flanked by all sorts of ads. and range in size according to the desire for notice on the part of the family of the late lamented. Every possible title is mentioned, and the name of every member of the family goes to make up the notice. A death announcement black bordered and covering half a page of the paper is nothing unusual. Here is a sample:

"Bruno Weiss, purveyor of lubricating oil to his imperial and royal majesty, and his wife, Amalie—born Horstitzky—in their own and in the names of their children—Hans, Otto, Minna, Laura and Hilde—and their sons-in-law, Military Surgeon Dr. Lois Kroblinsky and Architect Oskar Jellinek; their daughters-in-law, Louise, born Lederman, and Marie, born Anspacker, as also in the names of their grandchildren—here follows a long string of names—and their mother and mother-in-law, Frau Ernestine Winkler, relict of Commercial Councillor Anton Winkler, announce to their friends the entrance into eternal rest, after a long and severe illness, of their dearly beloved son, Arthur, in the twenty-sixth year of his age."

"This is correct except as to the names."—New York Tribune.

He Was Just Thinking.

"Mary," said a man to his spouse, who was gifted with a rapidly moving tongue, "did you ever hear the story of the precious gems?"

"No," she replied. "What is it?"

"It's a fairy legend that my grandmother told me when I was a boy," the husband continued. "It was about a woman from whose lips fell a diamond or a ruby at every word she spoke."

"Well?" said his wife as he paused.

"That's all there is of it, my dear," he replied. "But I was just thinking if such things happened nowadays I could make my fortune as a jeweler."

Love of Trees.

We find our most soothing companionship in trees among which we have lived, some of which we ourselves may have planted. We lean against them, and they never betray our trust, they shield us from the sun and from the rain, their spring welcome is a new birth which never loses its freshness, they lay their beautiful robes at our feet in autumn; in winter they stand and wait, emblems of patience and of truth, for they hide nothing, not even the little leaf buds which hint to us of hope, the last element in their triple symbolism.—Dr. O. W. Holmes.

Above the Vulgar Craz.

Until 1870 it was against the law and sacred custom for any subject to look at the emperor of Japan. His political advisers and attendants saw only his back. When he first left the palace the shutters of all the houses had to be drawn, and no one was permitted in the streets. Even today, when the emperor has the privilege of driving through the streets like one of his subjects, it is not considered quite proper to cast a glance at him.

Experience.

"Experience is the best teacher," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes, but her charges are mighty high," added the simple mug.—Philadelphia Record.

Naturally.

"I heard he was in bad odor with her family. Is that true?"

"Draw your own conclusions. It was a centless marriage."—Baltimore American.

Health lies in labor, and there is no earthly royal road to it but through toil.—Wendell Phillips.

Come to See Us

We have a number of homes and building lots for sale. Also office room for rent. Our sale list is large and includes unimproved land and properties of every variety. Please state requirements and special list will be mailed. We get many business places for sale and at present have the following:

A desirable property on South Juliana Street, all modern improvements.

House and Lot, No. 432 East Penn St., first-class condition.

Planting Mill, situate along railroad.

200 acres Timber Land in Bedford Township with Bark, Locust and small quantity of Pine.

A desirable Farm, 200 acres, two good Houses, large Bank Barn, in Bedford Township, along railroad.

Will be pleased to show properties at any time.

JO. W. TATE and J. ROY CESSNA,
Real Estate Agents,
Room 7, Ridenour Block

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD.

In Effect April 30, 1911.

NORTH.	STATIONS.	SOUTH.
p. m. a. m. Lv.	Ar. a. m. p. m.	
4.43 9.03	Bedford	9.37 7.37
5.00 9.20	Mt. Dallas	9.20 7.20
5.03 9.23	Everett	9.14 7.16
5.10 9.30	Tatesville	9.05 7.07
5.20 9.39	Cypher	8.56 6.57
5.30 9.49	Hopewell	8.47 6.48
5.35 9.54	Riddlesburg	8.42 6.44
5.48 10.07	A. Saxton L.	8.29 6.32

4.30 7.30	L. Dudley A.	9.20 7.05
4.45 7.45	Coalmont	9.00 6.50
5.00 8.00	A. Saxton L.	8.35 6.35
5.48 10.07	L. Saxton A.	8.29 6.32
5.58 10.17	Cove	8.18 6.20
6.03 10.22	Hummel	8.14 6.16
6.11 10.29	Entrioken	8.09 6.11
6.18 10.37	Marklesburg	8.01 6.00
6.22 10.41	Brumbaugh	7.56 5.56
6.27 10.46	Grafton	7.52 5.52
6.31 10.50	McConnellston	7.48 5.48
6.40 11.00	Huntingdon	7.40 5.40

PENNA. AND B. & O. R. R.	Daily (Sunday included)	a. m. p. m.
3.00 7.35	Cumberland	11.25 7.20
3.30 8.05	Hyndman	10.35 6.38
4.23 8.57	Bedford	9.47 5.50
6.10 10.45	A. Altoona L.	8.00 4.00

PATENTS

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CA. SNOW & CO.

Foley's Kidney Pills

What They Will Do for You

They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes. ED. D. HECKERMAN

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Lockett Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills. In Red and Gold metal boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD

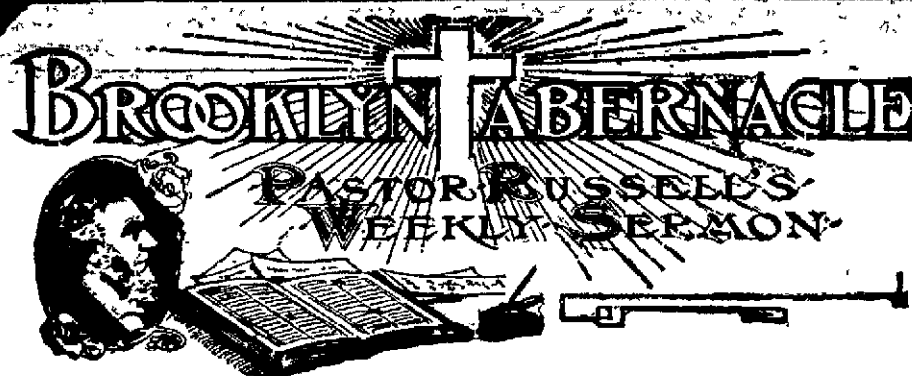
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THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD's regular subscription price is only \$1 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and The Gazette, together for one year for \$2.20. The regular price of the two papers is \$2.50.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY REMEDY

Is particularly recommended for chronic cases of kidney and bladder trouble. It tends to regulate and control the kidney and bladder action and is healing, strengthening and bracing. ED. D. HECKERMAN



St. Louis, Mo., June 11.—Pastor Russell preached here twice today to great audiences. Both addresses were out of the ordinary and well calculated to make the hearers sit up and take notice. We report one of these discourses from a text we never before heard treated and did not even know was in the Bible (Acts ii, 34): "For David is not ascended into the heavens."

The Old Testament Scriptures we accept as of equal authority with the New Testament, said Pastor Russell, because Jesus and the Apostles so accepted them, and indeed based all of their teachings upon them. The false impression which has gone abroad amongst Christian people, that the Old Testament Scriptures are obsolete, that their predictions have all been fulfilled, is very erroneous. This has greatly hindered Bible study, and has paved the way to grievous errors. It should be remembered that the Old Testament represents the only Divine revelation made to man during the 4158 years from the creation to the time when Jesus at His baptism was proclaimed "the Lamb of God which taketh away the sin of the world."

In all the Old Testament, from Genesis to Malachi, not a single suggestion is offered of a change of nature from human to spiritual, nor of any other heaven than that which God had originally provided for man—the Garden of Eden. The hopes inspired in Israel by the Divine promises pointed them forward to the time when God's blessing would obliterate the curse of sin and death and uplift mankind from present degradation, back to the original perfection. The Seed of the woman, it was promised, should ultimately "crush the Serpent's head," destroying the evil that is in the world, and establishing a reign of righteousness instead of the reign of sin and death. Messiah, as Emmanuel, would bring these great blessings to Israel; and, through Israel, they would be spread amongst all nations by Divine power. Paradox, lost through disobedience, will be restored through Messiah.

Instead of expecting a change of nature from human to spiritual, the teachings of the Old Testament led the Israelites to expect that God would make no change from His original purpose. He made not the earth to be destroyed by fire nor to be perpetually under the cloud of sin and death (Ecclesiastes i, 3). He formed it to be inhabited by a human race, in His own image and likeness, Adam in his original purity being a sample.

David's Soul in Hell

As the Old Testament tells nothing about a heavenly condition, likewise it tells nothing about a hell of fire or torment. Such devilish theories were invented by the heathen, from whom many Christians have since absorbed more or less of the false doctrines. The Law and the Prophets do refer to hell some sixty-six times, but the hell which they teach is the grave, the tomb, the state of death. From first to last all mankind, both good and bad, go to hell, sheol, the tomb. Abraham, Isaac and Jacob and all the Prophets died without giving the slightest intimation of Purgatorial suffering for anybody, or a hell of eternal torture.

The writers of the New Testament were also Jews, and it might here be noted that nowhere did they describe

EVER WATCHFUL

A Little Care Will Save Many Bedford Readers Future Trouble.

Watch the kidney secretions. See that they have the amber hue of health. The discharges not excessive or infrequent. Contain no "brick-dust like" sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills will do this for you.

They watch the kidneys and cure them when they're sick. Mrs. W. H. Weller, Clarence Street, Hyndman, Pa., says: "I had nearly all the difficulties that accompany a bad case of kidney complaint. My back ached constantly and I was often tired and dizzy. When a friend recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to me, I commenced their use and it required the contents of only two boxes to effect a cure. I am now in good health and I have every reason to believe that Doan's Kidney Pills have effected a permanent cure." (Statement given October 12, 1907.)

Confirmed Proof

Mrs. Weller was interviewed on November 15th, 1909, and she said: "The relief Doan's Kidney Pills gave me has been permanent. I willingly confirm all I have previously said in praise of this preparation." For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. June 16-2t.

the Hell and Purgatory which we Protestants and Catholics conjured up during the Dark Ages. The New Testament, written in Greek, is in full accord with the Old Testament, written in Hebrew—the sheol of the latter is the hades of the former. Unfortunately our translators have, in the English Bible, mixed things up in a terrible fashion, giving us hell and pit and grave as synonymous interpretations of Sheol and hades. "Orthodoxy" made hell fiery and thus our eyes of understanding have been darkened through the machinations of our great Adversary, "the Prince of darkness."

But all this demoniacal misrepresentation of the Divine character and Plan is soon to be scattered. The morning is at hand; the Prince of light, the Savior, Messiah and His glorious Church, will soon shine forth as the Sun in the Kingdom of the Father, while Satan will be bound for that thousand years that he may deceive the people no more. "Then all the blind eyes shall be opened and all the deaf ears shall be unstopped;" and "the knowledge of the glory of the Lord shall fill the whole earth;" and "to Jesus every knee shall bow and every tongue confess, to the glory of God."

"Slept With His Fathers"

All through the Scriptures, natural sleep is used as a figure for death, as the present time of the reign of sin is represented as a night time, and the coming reign of Messiah is prophetically described as the morning of a New Day, a New Epoch. "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning," wrote David. The night has lasted for six thousand years; the New Day is the seventh-thousand, the Sabbath of the great week. It will be the awakening time, as the six thousand years of the reign of sin and sorrow are the time in which our race has been going down into death—into the deep sleep from which none will come forth except by the call of Messiah.

The penalty of death, upon our race would have blotted us out of existence like the brute beasts had not God's mercy from the beginning made provision for a Redeemer and for His Church and joint-heir; and for the Messiahian Kingdom; and for the resurrection, the awakening of all mankind, through this Kingdom. It was in view of that hope of a resurrection of the dead that believers spoke of their deceased friends as falling asleep.

This expression is used frequently in the New Testament. St. Stephen fell asleep in death; St. Paul, having in mind the great work of Christ on behalf of the world and the eventual awakening of all, declared that believers need not sorrow as others over the death of their friends and neighbors, but might realize that all "sleep in Jesus," and that eventually God, through Him, will bring to pass the general awakening of the dead, all of whom are yet to be brought to a knowledge of the truth that they may be saved from sin and death and obtain Restitution (Acts iii, 19-23).

Pastor Russell quoted the Scripture, "Abraham slept with his fathers," and declared that Abraham's fathers were heathen men. He called attention to the fact that good and bad, kings and princes and others, are, in the Scriptures, declared to have fallen asleep. So it was with David. These all slept in the Bible hell—in the tomb. They are all unconscious; as the Scriptures declare, "The dead know not anything; their sons come to honor and they know it not; they come to dishonor and they perceive it not of them;" "There is neither wisdom nor knowledge nor devise in sheol [hell, the grave], whether thou goest"—whether all go (Job xiv, 21; Ecclesiastes ix, 10).

"Thou Wilt Not Leave My Soul in Sheol"

The Prophet David declared his faith in a resurrection of the dead when he wrote, "Thou wilt not leave My Soul in hell (sheol, the grave), nor suffer Thine Holy One to see corruption" (Psalm xvi, 10). St. Peter (Acts ii, 25-31) calls our attention to the fact that the Prophet David did see corruption, and hence that this statement was not in regard to himself but Jesus—that the soul of Jesus was not left in sheol (Greek, hades); and, additionally, the flesh of Jesus was not allowed to corrupt.

St. Peter was pointing out the fulfillment of this prophecy of the resurrection of Jesus from the dead on the third day, when he made use of our text, "David is not ascended into the heavens; * * * his sepulchre is with us unto this day." St. Peter's

HAVE YOU ANY OF THESE SYMPTOMS

"Are you irritable?"
"Are you nervous?"
"Do you get dizzy?"
"Have you no energy?"
"Do you have cold feet?"
"Do you feel miserable?"
"Is your memory poor?"
"Do you get tired easily?"
"Do you have hot flushes?"
"Is your eyesight blurred?"
"Have you pain in the back?"
"Can't you explain where?"
"Is your flesh soft and flabby?"
"Are your spirits low at times?"
"Is there a bloating after eating?"
"Have you a pain around the loins?"
"Do you have a gurgling in bowels?"
"Do you have a rumbling in bowels?"
"Is there a throbbing in the stomach?"
"Do you have sense of heat in bowels?"
"Do you suffer from pains in temples?"
"Do you have palpitation of the heart?"
"Do these feelings affect your memory?"
Is there a general feeling of lassitude?

THESE ARE SURE SIGNS THAT YOU NEED

Dr. Carey's Marsh Root DON'T NEGLECT THESE WARNINGS

THEY ARE NATURE'S SIGNALS

Trial Size, FIFTY CENTS. Large Bottle containing two and one-half times as much as Trial Size, ONE DOLLAR. A POSITIVE BANK DRAFT GUARANTEE WITH EACH ONE DOLLAR BOTTLE. ED. D. HECKERMAN, Bedford, Pa.

argument is that David was in his sepulchre and was still dead, but that his words were a prophetic reference to Jesus' resurrection.

Many Christian people repeat every Sunday what is styled the Apostles' Creed, which declares the crucifixion and death of Jesus and His descent into hell—into hades—and that "God raised Him from the dead on the third day." All intelligent Christians understand that the hell to which Jesus went was not Purgatory nor a place of eternal suffering, but the grave, sheol, the tomb, the state of death. This is proved to be the Apostle's thought by the words, "God raised Him from the dead, for it was not possible that He should be holden" of death.

David Will Not Go to Heaven

King David will not go to heaven, said Pastor Russell, and he will not desire to go to heaven, for the same reason that a fish has no desire to perch upon the limb of a tree nor a bird to make its home under the water. As these animals have natures distinct and are adapted to the conditions which God has provided, so the nature of man, even when brought to human perfection, will enjoy and appreciate more the earthly blessings which God has provided for him than he would enjoy the heavenly blessings which God has provided for the Elect "little flock"—"The Church of the First-Born" (Hebrews xii, 23).

The reason for this is plain when we remember the Apostle's words. He declares, "The natural man receiveth not the things of the Spirit of God, neither can he know [appreciate] them, for they are spiritually discerned" (I Corinthians ii, 14). Only those who have been begotten of the Holy Spirit are enabled to understand the deep things, the spiritual things of the Divine promise, and to rejoice therein, as the Apostle explains (I Corinthians ii, 9, 10).

Are even when this spirit-begotten and with their affections set on things above, the Lord's consecrated "little flock" experience difficulty in keeping their affections on the Heavenly things and off of the earthly things, because the latter appeal to them continually through all of their earthly senses. They are therefore exhorted to "look not at the things that are seen, but at the things that are unseen," which "eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man the great things which God has in reservation for those that love Him"—love Him more than they love houses or lands, parents or children, or self.

We can plainly see, then that without this begetting of the Holy Spirit, which belongs, of course, to the servants and handmaidens of God during this Gospel Age, none are able to appreciate the things unseen. And hence the world of mankind in general, brought back to perfection—and all the way back, appreciating human perfection—will be willing not to sacrifice their earthly nature to obtain a heavenly, but will enjoy the earthly, under perfect conditions, in a Paradise restored (Isaiah xxxv, Ezekiel xxxvii).

David Was a Prophet

On a previous occasion we saw the teaching of the Scriptures to be that the first to be blessed by Messiah's Kingdom will be the Ancient Worthies—Enoch, Abraham, Moses, David, and the Prophets—and that these will be made Princes in the earth. As one of these Princes, the Prophet David will have a very glorious station. His long career, his "ups and downs," said the Pastor, show us the lights and shadows of the Prophet's character more particularly, perhaps, than in the case of any other Bible character. And they show us a noble character, despite David's human weaknesses and the frailties of his flesh, augmented in power by his kingly office and the misconceptions of kingly prerogatives which prevailed in his day.

The beautiful traits of the character of David, on account of which he was declared to be, not a "new creature," not a "son of God," not an "heir of God and joint-heir with Messiah," but "a man after God's own heart"—these traits were his loyal obedience and his repentance of everything which in any degree was displeasing to God and interrupted the fellowship Divine.

God's Spirit-begotten children may not, therefore, take the Prophet David or any of the Ancients as their pattern. Only Spirit-begotten ones can serve as examples to the Church. They should walk in the footsteps of Jesus, and may even take the Apostles and other faithful brethren for examples. The Apostle, however, suggests that the Church may look back with profit upon the Worthies of the past, to note their degree of faith in God and their obedience to that faith. St. Paul, however, explicitly reminds us that God has provided some better thing for us—the Church—that the Ancient Worthies, without us [members of The Messiah], cannot be made perfect (Hebrews xi, 38-40). Joint-Heirship With Christ the Better Thing Reserved For Christians.

The "better thing" reserved "for us" who are called of God during this Gospel Age is the joint-heirship with Christ, Jehovah's only-begotten Son and heir of all things, the partaking with Him in all His subsequent work for the blessing of God's intelligent creation. Therefore it is, as the Apostle states, that the reward of the Ancient Worthies tarries until first the overcoming Gospel Church is exalted to the throne with Christ in the dawn of the New Dispensation, now so close at hand.

As soon as the spiritual phase of the Kingdom is established in power the setting up of the human phase will begin. In humble recognition, therefore, of the Divine purpose and order in the superior exaltation of the Gospel Church, we repeat the Apostle's statement that "they (those noble, loyal, righteous, faithful Ancient Worthies) without us shall not be made perfect."

But as to whether we shall be numbered among the "us" depends upon our successful running of the race set before us. Surely, no less faithfulness and nobility of character can be expected of us than of those who ran for the earthly prize. And since all the blessings of God's Plan—the exaltations of the Ancient Worthies, the liberation of the whole world from the bondage of sin and death and the final judgment of angels—await the manifestation of the spiritual sons of God, the Gospel Church, therefore the Apostle (chapter 12), in forceful metaphor, points us back to those Ancient Worthies as a stimulus for faith and zeal, saying:

"Therefore also we, being compassed about with so great a cloud of Martyrs [Greek marturom—those so nobly witnessed for God and righteousness], let us [emulate them and]

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is now a summer as well as a winter remedy. It has the same invigorating and strength-producing effect in summer as in winter. Try it in a little cold milk or water.

ALL DRUGGISTS

lay aside every weight and the sin which doth so easily beset us, and let us run with patience the [higher, heavenly] race that is set before us, looking unto Jesus, the Author and finisher of our faith, who, for the joy that was set before Him, endured the cross, despising the shame, and is set down at the right hand of the throne of God."

Jesus, our Ransomer, is also our Forerunner and Pattern in this race. He ran successfully, and in consequence, is even now at the right hand of the throne of God, whither we also may go to Him.

Jesus' way to the crown was the way of the shameful cross, and He said, If any man love me, let him take up his cross daily and follow me; the servant is not above his Lord, etc. Persecution and shame and grief and loss are our portion in this present world, but exaltation and glory will follow in due time, if we faint not. Therefore we are urged to consider His example and teaching lest we be weary and faint in our minds under the trials of faith, patience and endurance of this evil day.

"A little while, now He has come; The hour draws on apace— The blessed hour, the glorious morn, When we shall see His face. How light our trials then will seem! How short our pilgrim way! The life of earth a fitful dream, Dispelled by dawning day."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Feltner*

The Origin of Rocks

The geologist divides rocks into three general classes—igneous rocks, originating from the molten magma forced upward from the bowels of the earth, such as granite and the various lavas; sedimentary rocks, consisting of disintegrated particles of the igneous rocks which have been reformed into rocks themselves, such as sandstone; and metamorphic rocks, consisting of igneous or sedimentary rocks whose composition has been greatly changed by intense heat, chemical action, or other causes, as for instance, a limestone that has been changed to marble.

Sedimentary rock, as stated in the geologic atlas of the United States Geological Survey, are usually made up of layers or beds which can be easily separated. These layers are called strata and rocks deposited in such layers are termed stratified. The surface of the earth is not immovable; over wide regions it very slowly rises or sinks with reference to the sea, and shore lines are thereby changed. As a result of upward movement marine sedimentary rocks may become part of the land, and most of our land areas are in fact occupied by rocks originally deposited as sediments in the sea.

Sandstone is perhaps the simplest example of a sedimentary rock. Obviously sandstone was once sand, and again each grain of sand was once a part of some older rock. This sand was first eroded and then deposited and either subjected to great pressure by overlying masses perhaps thousands of feet thick or cemented together by chemical solutions. Where the stone was formed by simple pressure it contains a large proportion of open spaces and thus becomes an ideal water bearer. Some sandstones will carry as much as six quarts of water to the cubic foot of stone. In other varieties the interstices may have been filled with cementing material so that the rock may be for all practical purposes as dense as granite.

A Leading California Druggist

Pasadena, Cal., March 9, 1911. Foley and Co., Gentlemen:—We have sold and recommended Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for years. We believe it to be one of the most efficient expectorants on the market. Containing no opiates or narcotics it can be given freely to children. Enough of the remedy can be taken to relieve a cold, as it has no nauseating results, and does not interfere with digestion. Yours very truly, C. H. Ward Drug Co., C. L. Parsons, Sec'y and Treas. Get the original Foley's Honey and Tar Compound in the yellow package. Ed D. Heckerman.

Mrs. Burton Harrison in her "Recollections" in the July Scribner's, pictures New York society in the seventies, with many amusing incidents, and characters, among them Brown, the sexton of Grace Church.

F. S. Reynolds, 615 New York Life Bldg., Kansas City, Mo., says: "I had a severe attack of a cold which settled in my back and kidneys and I was in great pain from my trouble. A friend recommended Foley's Kidney Pills and I used two bottles of them and they have done me a world of good." Ed. D. Heckerman.

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Saturday, the 15th day of July, A. D., 1911, by John S. Guyer, C. O. Brumbaugh, D. B. Snoeberger, L. C. Miller, J. H. Snodgrass, J. S. Kegarise, S. L. Buck, D. S. Brumbaugh, and others, under the provisions of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of banks of discount and deposit," approved May 13th, 1876, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called The New Enterprise Bank, the character and objects of which is the carrying on the business of banking, under the provisions of the Act of Assembly above referred to. New Enterprise, Bedford County, Pa., with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto.

R. C. HADERMAN, Solicitor.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

[Estate of James K. Boor, late of Bedford Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.] Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to W. N. BOOR and W. S. FLETCHER, Administrators. FRANK FLETCHER, Atty. May 12-6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Mary A. Cook, late of Londonderry Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.] Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to JAMES H. COOK, Administrator. Hyndman, K. D. E. E. M. PENNELL, Atty. May 19-6w.

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 26th day of June A. D., 1911, an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to the Water Supply Commission of the said Commonwealth, by George G. Young and Thomas Foster, of Cumberland, Maryland, and Charles R. Mock of Bedford, Pennsylvania, under an Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and supplements and amendments thereto, for a charter for an intended corporation to be called the EXETER Creek Water Company, for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the Township of Cumberland Valley, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, and to acquire and hold lands for the aforesaid purpose, with its principal office at Bedford, Pennsylvania. SIMON H. SELL, Solicitor.

June 2-w3.

BANK AT HOME

Why risk sending money out of the county to be handled by strangers? Your money in your home bank gives you prestige where you want it—at home.

DEPOSITORS IN THIS BANK ARE DOUBLY SECURED

HARTLEY BANKING CO. BEDFORD, PA.

John M. Reynolds
Allen C. Blackburn
Fred A. Metzger
J. Frank Russell
Simon H. Sell
J. Anson Wright, Frank E. Smith, Cashier, Solicitor.

The Little Dandy Vacuum Cleaner cleans clean. Skidde (23) with the duster and broom and employ the Little Dandy to clean your carpets and rugs; 25c per week pays for it. Send for descriptive circulars. A reliable agent wanted in each county. Grant Mfg. Co., 130 Seventh St., Pittsburg, Pa. Mar. 3-2c.

Impure blood runs you down—makes you an easy victim for organic diseases. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood—cures the cause—builds you up.

No short story that Scribner's Magazine has published within a year has attracted such wide comment as "Vain Oblations," by Katharine Fullerton Gerould, in a recent number. In the July Scribner she will have another story, "The Wine of Violence," which will confirm the impression of the insight of this new writer. Mrs. Gerould is the wife of a preceptor in the English department at Princeton, who also is a writer of fiction.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs.

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST

Poor oil cannot give good light. There is no flicker, no odor, no soot where

FAMILY FAVORITE OIL is used. This triple-refined lamp oil costs no more than the inferior kinds—and saves you no end of trouble. Get it from your dealer's—it is therein barrel shipped direct from our refineries.

Waverly Oil Works Co. Independent Refiners PITTSBURGH, PA. Also makers of Waverly Special Auto Oil and Waverly Gasolines.

HAIR BEAUTIFIER

Refined Women the World Over Use It.

Miss Alice Balmer, 133 S. 3rd St., Reading, Pa., knows that there is nothing so good for hair and scalp trouble as Parisian Sage. On June 8, 1910, she wrote: "I am using Parisian Sage two or three times a week and it is certainly fine. It keeps my scalp nice and clean and it cures my dandruff. I have no dandruff now. It makes the hair lustrous and fluffy and keeps it from falling out."

We urge every woman who loves radiant and fascinating hair to go to F. W. Jordan today and get a large 50 cent bottle of Parisian Sage. He guarantees it to cure dandruff, falling hair and itching scalp, or money back.

YOUNG MAN—
A **BANK ACCOUNT**
WILL GIVE YOU
CONFIDENCE
ON YOUR
WEDDING
DAY—
START NOW.



AFTER YOU MARRY the girl of your choice a bank account will come in handy. Besides the man who saves his money is thought more of by his employer and is given the position of responsibility over the man who spends all he makes.

Make OUR BANK YOUR Bank.

We pay liberal interest consistent with safety—3 per cent. on time deposits.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF BEDFORD, PA.

The PEOPLES AGENCY
FOR
LIFE, FIRE, ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE.
BONDS.
H. E. MILLER.
Barnett Building, Bedford, Pa.

Diehl-Foreman
At Friend's Cove Reformed parsonage on June 11, 1911, George H. Diehl and Ethel B. Foreman, both of Bedford, were united in wedlock by Rev. J. C. Knable.

Zeigler-Reeser
Tuesday evening of this week Daniel Zeigler, formerly of this place, was united in marriage at State College to Miss Bessie R. Reeser of that place.

Hamilton-Dixon
C. W. Hamilton and Miss Lena Dixon, of Saxton, were united in marriage by Rev. S. Winfield Herman Tuesday, June 13, 1911, in Harrisburg.

Come in to Straub's and be fit in the latest lasts in Oxford's.

St. John's Reformed Church
Sunday School, 9:45; Divine worship at 11 a. m. Pastor's subject: "Lessons From an Unfolding Rose Bud," in which a little child is compared to the unfolding of the flower. At 7:30 the annual "Children's Day Service" will be rendered by the children of the Sunday School. The public is cordially invited to all of these services.
J. Albert Eyer, Pastor.

St. Clairsville Lutheran Charge
Saturday, 2 p. m., preparatory services at Cessna, also anniversary meeting of Missionary Society at 7:30 p. m. Lord's day, 10 a. m., Holy Communion at Cessna, 2:30 p. m., Children's Day at Messiah; 7:30 p. m., missionary program at St. Clairsville; 10 a. m., Children's Day at Imber. All welcome.
H. C. Salem, Pastor.

Springtime
Moving and
House Cleaning.
You no doubt will need some floor coverings. We have them—Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Matting, Carpets and Rugs. The largest spring stock we have ever purchased; all new designs.

FURNITURE. You should see our immense stock. We are more able to please you than ever, and the prices are the lowest, quality the highest.

Cook Stoves Ranges
A visit to our Big Store will convince you.

METZGER

Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, Etc.,

RATES—One cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents.

Complete line of Spring and Summer Suits at all prices at Straub's.

Wanted—Girl for general house work. Apply to Jessie B. Barclay.

For Sale—Koonitz strawberries at Farber's Grocery Store, 10c a basket.

For Sale—Twenty-three sheep and 25 lambs. Apply to John Henderson, Bedford, Rt. 3.

Lost—On Pitt Street, Black Belt, gun metal buckle. Finder please return to this office.

Lost—A pair of blocks—otherwise known as wire stretchers. Return to Charles Cessna, A. U. T. Co., Bedford.

If you want a Screen Door or Window that will last as long as the house will stand call on the Davidson Lumber Co., Bedford, Pa.

You can get a bottle of Dandelion butter color for 10c at the Drug Store of Ed. D. Heckerman, Bedford, Pa.

The Best Dry Battery on Earth for gasoline engines, automobiles and gas lighting machines at Heckerman's Drug Store, Bedford, Pa.

ICE CREAM AT WHOLESALE
Ice cream may be secured at wholesale for festivals, picnics, etc., at R. L. Smith's, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—Platform spring 1-horse dray wagon; broad-head 2-horse wagon and shelving—all in good repair; some double harness in fine condition. Stiver's Stables.

Wanted—Homes for four children; white boy three years old; three colored girls three, five and seven years old. Apply to John Henderson, Steward at Alnshouse, Rt. 3, Bedford.

For Sale—Twenty-six acres of land 2½ miles west of Bedford. Seven-room house, barn, etc. Best of water. Apply to John N. Minnich, Bedford, or George N. Bowkley, Wolfsburg. June 9-21.

Wanted—Manager and Solicitor for Health and Accident Insurance. Splendid opportunity, liberal compensation for capable, honest hustler. Experience not necessary. Write our Traveling Representative, J. Vanstone, general delivery, Bedford, Pa., stating experience covering past five years, age, address and references.

Wanted—Applications of male teachers for Senior Grammar grade and Assistant Principals of Hyndman Borough Schools. Salary, \$50 and \$65 per month, respectively, term, 8 months. Only those holding Professional or Permanent Certificates, or State Normal Diplomas need apply. Applications must be in by July 1, 1911. Wm. J. Sheavly, Sec. June 16-31.

J. ROY CESSNA,
He's the Insurance Man,
Ridenour Block
BEDFORD, - - PA.

Stop! Look! Listen!!!

Edison Phonographs, \$20, \$27, \$32, \$40, \$45. Ten four-minute records given with any of the above machines; easy payments. Call and see us about one today. We carry all the new records all the time.

Base Balls, Bats, Gloves, Mitts, Masks, Toe and Heel Plates and Fishing Tackle, at the very lowest prices.

C. LITZENBURG,
110 South Juliana Street.

Lightning!
Pure Copper Cable Lightning Conductors, perfectly insulated. The most perfect system that controls lightning. Prices reasonable.
GEORGE W. KOONTZ,
Bedford, Pa., Rt. 2.

12 POST CARDS FREE
Also Our Two Magazines

We will send you 12 of the prettiest post cards you ever saw if you will cut this out and send it to us with 4 cents to pay postage and mailing and say that you will show them to some of your friends. If you wish, we will also put your name in our Post Card Exchange free on request. Be sure to state in your letter if you wish your name inserted. By entering your name in our Exchange column, you will get post cards, sample magazines and other mail matter from all over the world. You also get FREE sample copies of our weekly and monthly magazines, The New York Family Story Paper and Golden Hours.

FAMILY STORY PAPER,
22-24 Vandewater Street, New York.

Any lady or gentleman out of employment would do well to write The Brown Brothers Company, Commercial Nurseries of Rochester, N. Y., as they have informed us they desire a representative in this section. They have been in business twenty-five years and refer to any large business firm or bank as to their standing. The many Civic Improvement Clubs and Horticultural Publications are creating a large demand for the goods they handle, and as they grow all their own stock, are prepared to guarantee it to be strictly first class in every respect. In 1911.

Friend's Cove Reformed Charge
Regular Divine service at Brick Church, June 18, at 10 a. m.; Sunday School the hour previous.
J. C. Knable, Pastor.

Barnett's Store

THE HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

SUMMER FOOTWEAR

Handsome Pumps with one and two Straps for \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00, in pat., colt, gun metal and Russia calf. Also wide, easy Oxfords for elderly ladies, white and black Duck Oxfords for Men, Women and Children—prices on these shoes vary as to size, from 50c to \$1.00 pair. Also Barefoot Sandles from 75c to \$1.25 pair.

SCREENS

Now is the time you should begin to keep out flies and mosquitoes. Screens are an absolute necessity not only from a point of comfort, but from a sanitary stand point. Who would not pay 20 or 30c for a Window Screen or \$1.00 for a Door when there is so much comfort to be had. If you want fancy hard-wood doors with elaborate trimmings—we have them, but they will cost you \$1.25 to \$1.50 apiece, of course all the necessary "fixins" such as spring hinges, &c., go in free with doors.

If you want to make your own Windows or Doors, you can get best fine screen wire here in the following widths: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36 inches at prices running from 3 to 6c a foot. Also all Colors in Cotton Mosquito Netting, one and three quarters yards wide.

CARPETS

A big stock of all the best that is made for the Home, Hall or Church. This has been a busy department the last two months. There is a reason for it—we carry the Stock—make the Carpets up while you wait and put them down the right way. In addition to the line of Carpets, we keep on hand at all times a splendid assortment of printed and inlaid Linoleums, as well as floor and table Oil Cloth, also the prettiest patterns in China and Japan Matting, as well as Grass Carpets and Rugs.

SUMMER HOSIERY

At present we have one of the best stocks to be found in this part of the State. Almost every Color in fine Lisle is on our shelves. Every Lady, no matter how peculiar her taste, can be suited. We wish to call your special attention to two numbers this week; first, to a gauze lisle stocking for ladies. The price is 25c a pair and these stockings are made with an extra reinforced garter top and have linen heels and toes, you have never had such good value before for 25c. Second number we want to talk about is a Child's Stocking to sell at 15c. These goods are Narrow Ribbed and come in four different weights—from the lightest to the extra heavy, many 25c stockings are no better than these goods. We have them in all sizes from 5 to 9½ and in nearly all colors. For Men we have the "Interwoven" Socks which retail for 25c a pair. You don't have to buy 4 or 6 pairs at a time in order to get your dealer to guarantee them, but every pair of Interwoven Socks you buy at Barnett's Store is guaranteed to give a reasonable amount of wear or a new pair if they do not. At 50c a pair we are selling every good SILK Stocking for Ladies. Other years we got \$1.00 for same goods. Silk Hosiery was never priced so low in this store. Also a full assortment of fancy top Lisle Thread Socks for Infants, 10, 15 and 25c a pair. Get the habit of coming to this Store for your Hosiery—you will be satisfied.



Come Rain, Come Sunshine

In all seasons and for all occasions there is to be found in the made in Berkshire line manufactured by Eaton, Crane & Pike Co. a distinctive something which appeals to all users of fine writing papers. Crane's Linen Lawn in the new fashionable shades are the daintiest creation for this season. Come in and see them.

COOL DRESS FABRICS

Handsome Batistes, Dimities, Lawns and Gingham are here for the hot days. Beautiful and inexpensive Gowns can be made from these cool and serviceable materials. Also ready-made Kimonos in Lawn and Crepe at 50c to \$1.25. Ready-made Wrappers and House Dresses in Percale at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.